

قائمة الاسئلة

تيجان و جسور 3 اختبار نصفي -م خامس - طب وجراحة الفم والاسنان

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- 1) There are different types of zirconia the most common form of dental application is
 - 1) Magnesium partially stabilized zirconia
 - 2) Zirconia toughened alumina.
 - 3) + Yttrium tetragonal zirconia polycrystals
 - 4) All are true.
- 2) The advantages of all porcelain crown restoration that developed by Land (all the following Except):
 - 1) Superior esthetic properties.
 - 2) High tissue biocompatibility.
 - 3) + Highly strength.
 - 4) No one.
- 3) Thin veneers (0.4 mm) and occlusal veneers is one of the indications of:
 - 1) Empress -1
 - 2) Empress -2
 - 3) + E.Max
 - 4) Slip-Cast In-Ceram
- 4) The missing tooth is maxillary central incisor, with heavy occlusion, the FPD that indicated is:
 - 1) + Fixed fixed PD.
 - 2) Spring cantilever FPD.
 - 3) Simple cantilever FPD.
 - 4) Resin bonded FPD.
- 5) Indication and Uses of Zirconia Ceramic:
 - 1) Post Crown (Post and Core)
 - 2) Implants and implant abutments
 - 3) Orthodontic brackets
 - 4) + All are true.
- 6) This type of all ceramic system has approximately twice as strong as the traditional PJC.
 - 1) + Platinum foil and aluminum core.
 - 2) Platinum Foil Matrix.
 - 3) Slip-cast alumina crown and FPDs
 - 4) Heat-Pressed Ceramic
- 7) Hard machining Zirconia CAD/CAM blocks are fabricated from.
 - 1) Porous blocks
 - 2) + Fully dense blocks
 - 3) All are true.
 - 4) No one.
- 8) The main advantage of porcelain laminate veneers is
 - 1) Esthetic restoration.
 - 2) + Conservative restoration.
 - 3) Resist abrasion.
 - 4) Well-tolerated by gingival.
- 9) Transformation toughening of YTZP (Crack healing phenomena) mean:
 - 1) + It is the change from tetragonal crystalline structure to a more voluminous 3% monoclinic structure
 - 2) It is the change from monoclinic crystalline structure to a more voluminous 3% tetragonal structure
 - 3) It is the change from tetragonal crystalline structure to a more voluminous 3% cubic structure
 - 4) No one.



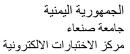
- 10) What kind of pontic design is usually used for replacing the upper incisors teeth?
 - 1) Saddle.
 - 2) Conical
 - 3) + Ovate
 - 4) Hygienic pontic
- 11) The main advantage of all porcelain crown restoration is:
 - 1) Highly Strength
 - 2) + Higley Esthetic
 - 3) Esthetic and Strength
 - 4) No one.
- 12) All of the following are positive characteristics of a Zirconia Ceramic FPDs Except:
 - 1) High strength than the other All Ceramic Restorations.
 - 2) Highly bio-compatible.
 - 3) Laboratory procedures easier than the CFM
 - 4) + More esthetic than the other All Ceramic Systems.
- 13) The system of all ceramic restoration has low abrasiveness of opposing enamel and low plaque accumulation
 - 1) IPS Empress system.
 - 2) Cerec System.
 - 3) In-Ceram system.
 - 4) + Dicor castable system.
- 14) The uses of All ceramic restoration when the:
 - 1) Esthetic is not important but Strength is important
 - 2) Esthetic and Strength are important
 - 3) + Esthetic is important but Strength is not important
 - 4) No one.
- 15) The indications of Empress -2 are:
 - 1) inlays, onlays and veneers
 - 2) complete crowns, and short-span (3 unit.) anterior.
 - 3) inlays, onlays, complete crowns and veneers
 - 4) + All are true
- 16) Advantages of Zirconia CAD/CAM Ceramic
 - 1) Less time
 - 2) High strength
 - 3) More accurate
 - 4) + All are true.
- 17) Flexural strength of zirconia.
 - 1) 100 –300 Mpa
 - 2) 300 600 Mpa
 - 3) + 900–1200 Mpa
 - 4) No one
- 18) It is the problem that has brought the patient to the dental office, for treatment:
 - 1) Dental caries of the patient.
 - 2) + Chief complaint of the patient.
 - 3) General history of the patient.
 - 4) Oral hygiene of the patient.
- 19) The only insoluble cement is:
 - 1) Glass Ionomer Cement
 - 2) + Resin Cement

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- Zinc polycarboxylate Cement.
- 4) Glass Ionomer and Resin Cements.
- During try-in a crown restoration, prevent seating and patient discomfort as pressure is felt on adjacent teeth due to:
 - 1) Open contact
 - 2) Open margin
 - 3) + Too tight contact
 - 4) Presence of nodules on the fitting surface
- 21) Pure zirconia is at room temperature.
 - 1) Tetragonal
 - 2) + Monoclinic
 - 3) All are true
 - 4) No one.
- 22) Type (I) laminate veneer preparation called:
 - 1) Wrap around preparation
 - 2) Butt-joint preparation
 - 3) + Window preparation
 - 4) No one.
- 23) Three-wheel burs are used in the preparation of......
 - 1) All ceramic restorations
 - 2) Metal ceramic restorations
 - 3) + Laminate veneers restorations
 - 4) No one.
- 24) During the cementation of laminate veneer, etching of the enamel surface using
 - 1) 10% phosphoric acid
 - 2) 37% hydrofluoric acid
 - 3) + 37% phosphoric acid
 - 4) 10% hydrofluoric acid
- 25) There are Types of Zirconia Crystals Forms
 - 1) Two
 - 2) + Three
 - 3) Four
 - 4) Five
- 26) About Ferrule Effect of a Post Crown Restoration; It is the extension of crown margin to be:
 - 1) 0.5 1 mm.
 - 2) 1-1.5 mm.
 - 3) + 1.5 2mm.
 - 4) No one.
- 27) The IPS Empress ceramic consists of leucite crystals dispersed in a glass matrix to:
 - 1) Increase the esthetic.
 - 2) Increase the retention.
 - 3) + Strengthen the restoration.
 - 4) All are true.
- 28) The 1st step in the treatment of dental patient is:
 - 1) + Relief the pain.
 - 2) Make crown or bridge.
 - 3) Treatment of mastication problem
 - 4) Treatment of the swelling.
- 29) Single-abutment cantilever fixed partial denture can be used in case of:

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- 1) Missing Last molar.
- 2) Missing 1st premolar.
- 3) + Missing upper lateral incisor.
- 4) All are true.
- 30) The minimum crown to root ratio of a tooth be utilized as a bridge abutment is:
 - 1) 3:02
 - 2) 1:02
 - 3) + 1:01
 - 4) 2:03