



قائمة الاسئلة

جراحة عامة - ()- المستوى الرابع -قسم طب وجراحة الفم والاسنان 🛭 الكل - كلية طب وجراحة الفم والاسنان 🗀 الفترة 🗀 درجة الامتحان (30)

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- 1) Which of the following is NOT one of the four major physiologic events of hemostasis?
 - 1) A. Fibrinolysis
 - 2) + B. Vasodilatation
 - 3) C. Platelet plug formation
 - 4) D. Fibrin production
- 2) Which is required for platelet adherence to injured endothelium?
 - 1) A. Thromboxane A2
 - 2) B. Glycoprotein (GP) IIb/IIIa
 - 3) C. Adenosine diphosphate (ADP)
 - 4) + D. Von Willebrand factor (vWF)
- 3) Most surgical site infections become clinically evident:
 - 1) a) Within 2 days of operation
 - 2) + b) Five or more days after operation
 - 3) c) Because of fever immediately after the operation
 - 4) d) Because the patient did not have an adequate shave of the operative site
- 4) The most serious post-operative chest complications is:
 - 1) a) Pulmonary atelectasis.
 - 2) b) Bronchopneumonia.
 - 3) + c) Pulmonary embolism
 - 4) d) Lung abscess.
- 5) Which of the following studies is most helpful in evaluating a patient before a routine operative procedure?
 - 1) + a) History and physical examination
 - 2) b) Chest x-ray
 - 3) c) ECG
 - 4) d) Liver function test
- 6) All of the following are true of preoperative patient preparation EXCEPT:
 - 1) a) It includes a complete history taking and medical examination
 - 2) b) It is to anticipate and plan for management of perioperative problems.
 - 3) c) It involves different investigations.
 - 4) + d) In emergency situation, there is enough time for preoperative preparation.
- 7) Viral infection that need good amount of blood to be transmitted:-
 - 1) a) Hepatitis A
 - 2) + b) Hepatitis C
 - 3) c) HIV
 - 4) D) Hepatitis B
- 8) Alkalosis is often associated with:
 - 1) A. Hypokalaemia.
 - 2) B. Hypocalcaemia.
 - 3) C. Hypomagnesaemia.
 - 4) + D. All of the above.
- 9) Which of the following statements regarding the distribution and composition of the body fluid compartments is NOT TRUE?
 - 1) A. Most intracellular water is in skeletal muscle.
 - 2) + B. The major intracellular cation is sodium.
 - 3) C. The major extracellular cation is sodium.

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- 4) D. The major extracellular anions are chloride and bicarbonate.
- 10) The symptoms of hyperkalemia is reflected in which organ system:
 - 1) a) Respiratory
 - 2) b) Gastrointestinal
 - 3) + c) Cardiovascular
 - 4) d) Central nervous system
- A 56-year-old male is burned while sleeping in his home. His right upper and lower extremity and the anterior aspect of the upper chest have extensive second-degree burns. This second-degree burn is characterized by which of the following?
 - 1) (A) Coagulative necrosis extending to subcutaneous fat
 - 2) (B) Pearly white appearance
 - 3) (C) Anaesthetic.
 - 4) + (D) Erythema and bullae formation
- 12) Hemophilia A is a bleeding disorder due to deficiency in clotting factor :
 - 1) a. V
 - 2) b. VI
 - 3) + c. VIII
 - 4) d. X
- 13) all the following is features of 2nd degree burn except
 - 1) a. Bullae formation
 - 2) b. Can occur by hot water injury
 - 3) + c. Painless
 - 4) d. Non of above
- 14) All are complication of burn except
 - 1) a. Neurogenic shock
 - 2) b. Keloid
 - 3) c. Infection
 - 4) + d. Non of above
- 15) Penicillins are not effective against
 - 1) (a) Gram-positive cocci
 - 2) (b) Gram-positive bacilli
 - 3) + (c) Gram-negative bacilli
 - 4) (d) Gram-negative cocci