

قائمة الاسئلة

الاحياء الدقيقة العملي المستوى الثالث - طب وجراحة الفم والاسنان

د/الاء اللبنى

- 1) In reporting of AFB the +3 means
 - 1) 1-9AFB per 10 felid
 - 2) + 1-9AFB per one filed
 - 3) <9 AFB per one filed
 - 4) 1-9AFB per 100 felid
- 2) Safty sign which color is blue known as
 - 1) Safe condition
 - 2) prohibitions
 - 3) + Mandatory
 - 4) Warning
- 3) The metachromatic granules it named because it havn't ability to changing color when staied
 - 1) True
 - 2) + False
- 4) Amorphous material which surrounds many bacterial species as their outermost, usually polysaccharide can inhibit phagocytosis
 - 1) Spores
 - 2) Flagella
 - 3) Fambriae
 - 4) + Capsule
- 5) Transfer of cell-free or "naked" DNA from one cell to another
 - 1) Conjugation
 - 2) Transduction
 - 3) + Transformation
 - 4) Non of above
- 6) Phase which plateu in number of living bacteria cells the GR=death equal growth
 - 1) Death phase
 - 2) Log phase
 - 3) + Stationary phase
 - 4) Lag phase
- 7) Non ionizing radiation like X ray which used in operation room and isolation room
 - 1) True
 - 2) + False
- 8) Chemicals that can modification of protein
 - 1) + Hydrogen peroxide
 - 2) Ethanol 70%
 - 3) Phenol
 - 4) Stains as crystal violet
- 9) Done for three consecutive days for 30 minute each day e.g TB media this is called
 - 1) Boiling water
 - 2) + Tyndallization
 - 3) Pasteurization
 - 4) Radiation
- 10) Lowe-temperature sterilization is used for vaccines at 60°C for 1 hour in water bath
 - 1) + True
 - 2) False



- 1) It is constantly present at low level in specific population
 - 1) Pandemic
 - 2) Epidemic
 - 3) Chronic carrier
 - 4) + Endemic
- 12) It occurs much frequently than usual
 - 1) + Epidemic
 - 2) Pandemic
 - 3) Endemic
 - 4) Virulence
- 13) From disadvantage of it is evaporation this is
 - 1) Stained smear
 - 2) + Untainted smear
 - 3) all of above
 - 4) Non of above
- 14) From advantage of it save for handle this is
 - 1) + Stained smear
 - 2) Untainted smear
 - 3) all of above
 - 4) Non of above
- 15) From characteristics of simple stain are
 - 1) Contain only one dye
 - 2) Divide into three type acidic, basic and neutral stain
 - 3) Used to different between two group of bacteria
 - 4) + Contains only one dye and divided into three type acidic, basic and neutral
- 16) High molecular-weight polymers of polyphosphate known as
 - 1) capsule
 - 2) + Metachromatic granules
 - 3) Spore
 - 4) Flagella
- 17) Albert stain is used for stain Cronybacterium diphtheriae bacillis
 - 1) True
 - 2) + False
- 18) Example for spore forming bacteria is Clostridium spp and Bacillus spp
 - 1) + True
 - 2) False
- 19) The used of iodine solution is to
 - 1) Lipids extracted and color removal
 - 2) + Fixation of crystal violet in cell wall of gram +ve
 - 3) Fixation of crystal violet in cell wall of gram -ve
 - 4) Make complex with sefranine
- 20) Bacillus anthrax is type of
 - 1) Gram positive cocci
 - 2) Gram negative bacili
 - 3) + Gram positive bacili
 - 4) Gram negative cocci
- 21) Nisseria minnigaitis is type of
 - 1) Gram positive cocci
 - 2) Gram negative bacili



- 3) Gram positive bacili
- 4) + Gram negative cocci
- 22) Are example for Gram positive bacili
 - 1) + Cronybacterium diphtheriae
 - 2) Escherichia coli
 - 3) Klebsiella pneumoniae
 - 4) Staphylococcus aureus
- 23) False result in gram stain happened if you take from colony that age 24 hours
 - 1) + .False
 - 2) .True
- We used the candel jar for provide
 - 1) Anaerobic condition
 - 2) Aerobic condition
 - 3) + Microaerophilic condition
 - 4) Anaerobic and microaerophilic condition
- 25) Psycrophilic means the bacteria which
 - 1) living in medium temperatures (10-37C°)
 - 2) living in hogh temperature(45-70C°)
 - 3) + living in cold temperatures (0-10C°)
 - 4) living in cold temperature (-1-0C°)
- 26) Semisolid media are usually used for bacteria mobility studies and agar percentage 1-2%
 - 1) .True
 - 2) + .False
- 27) Is media in which type is Enrichment and used for anaerobic bacteria
 - 1) + Cooked meat medium
 - 2) Tryptone soya broth (TSB)
 - 3) Blood agar
 - 4) Chocolate agar
- 28) MacConkey agar inhibited growth ofand allow growth of
 - 1) Inhibit gram-ve allow gram+ve
 - 2) Inhibit gram+ve and -ve
 - 3) + Inhibit gram+ve and allow gram -ve bacteria
 - 4) Inhibit gram+ve and allow gram+ve
- 29) On MSA the bacteria which produce yellow colony is
 - 1) Streptococcus pyogenes
 - 2) + Staphylococcus aurues
 - 3) Staphylococcus epidermidis
 - 4) Staphylococcus saprophyticus
- 30) Used to differential between Vibro cholerae and V.parahaemolyticus
 - 1) MSA
 - 2) MacConkey
 - 3) + TCBS
 - 4) TSB
- 31) Type is differential only and used in urine specimen this media is
 - 1) + CLED
 - 2) MacConkey
 - 3) TCBS
 - 4) MSA
- 32) Example for fastidious organisms that grow in chocolate agar is



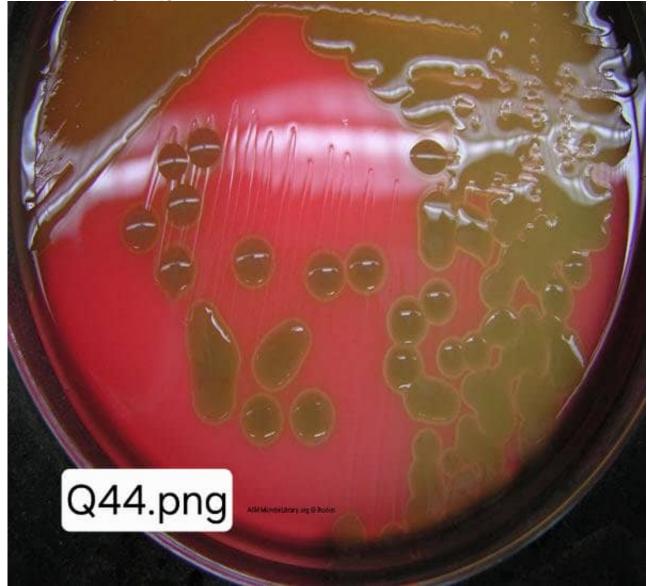
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- 1) Hemophilus influenzae
- 2) Streptococcus pneumoniae
- 3) Nisseria minnigaitis
- 4) + All of above
- Calculate the gram of powder that is required in preparation of MSA media if you know that 24g make 1 liter and you will prepare for 15 petri dish
 - 1) 2.4g
 - 2) 2.7g
 - 3) + 7.2g
 - 4) 72g
- Calculate the amount of Distal water and powder grams that is required in preparation of TSA media if you know that 28g make 1 liter and you will prepare for 25 petri dish
 - 1) + 500ml,14 g
 - 2) 14ml,500g
 - 3) 5000ml,24g
 - 4) 28g,500ml
- 35) Blood specmine for (C/S)
 - 1) Consider as sterial specimen
 - 2) Non sterile specimen
 - 3) We Used TSB for culture it
 - 4) + It sterile specimen and we used TSB for inoculated it
- 36) Gram positive cocci culster on arrangement catalase +ve cogulase-ve sensitive to Novobiocin it's
 - 1) Staphylococcus aureus
 - 2) + Staphylococcus epidermidis
 - 3) Staphylococcus saprophyticus
 - 4) Streptococcus pyogenes
- We don't used citrate plasma in coagulase test because
 - 1) Citrate-ultilizing bacteria which can causes clotting of the plasma leading to false negative
 - 2) + Citrate-ultilizing bacteria which can causes clotting of the plasma leading to false positive
 - 3) Citrate-ultilizing bacteria which cannot causes clotting of the plasma leading to false positive
 - 4) Citrate-ultilizing bacteria which cannot causes clotting of the plasma leading to false negative
- 38) We dont used media more than 24 hour in catalase test because
 - 1) + Ageing lead to losing ability to produce enzyme leading to false Negative results
 - 2) Ageing lead to losing ability to produce enzyme leading to false Postive result
 - 3) Ageing lead to not losing ability to produce enzyme leading to false Postive result
 - 4) Ageing lead to not losing ability to produce enzyme leading to false Negative result
- 39) Inhibition of cell wall antibiotic example is
 - 1) B-lactams penicillin and effect is bacteriostatic
 - 2) + B-lactams penicillin and effect is bactericidal
 - 3) Tetracycline effect is bacteriostatic
 - 4) Tetracycline effect is bacterocidial
- 40) Rifamycin mechanism is
 - 1) Inhibition cell wall synthesis, bactericidal
 - 2) Inhibition protine synthesis, bacteriostatic
 - 3) + Inhibition of nucleic acid synthesis, bacteriostatic
 - 4) Inhibition of nucleic acid synthesis, bactericidal
- 41) Nesseria gonorrhea is
 - 1) Gram +ve cocci maltose ferment
 - 2) + Gram-ve cocci maltose non ferment



- 3) Gram-ve cocci maltose ferment
- 4) Gram+ve cocci maltose non ferment
- 42) Gram -ve bacili that cuses plagues or black death also oxidase -ve H2S-ve non lactose ferment
 - 1) Bacillus anthrax
 - 2) Cronybacterium diphtheriae
 - 3) Clostridium perfringen
 - 4) + Yersinia pestis
- 43) Gram +ve bacili anaerobic that causes gass gangrene
 - 1) + Clostridium perfringen
 - 2) Clostridium botulism
 - 3) Cronybacterium spp
 - 4) Bacillus anthrax

44) According to this pic the type of haemolysis is



- 1) + Alpha hemolysis
- 2) Beta hemolysis
- 3) Gamma hemolysis





- 4) Non of above
- 45) According to this pic the result of SIM







- 1) H2S-ve ,motile+ve,indole_-ve
- 2) H2S -ve,motile-ve,Indol-ve
- 3) + H2S +ve,motile+ve,indol-ve
- 4) H2S +ve,motile+ve,indol+ve
- 46) According to this pic of KIA the results is



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- 1) + K/A,gass+ve,H2S+ve
- 2) K/A,gass+ve,H2S-ve
- 3) K/A,gass-ve,H2S-ve
- 4) A/A,gass+ve,H2S+ve
- 47) According to this pic the media is......and selective agent is

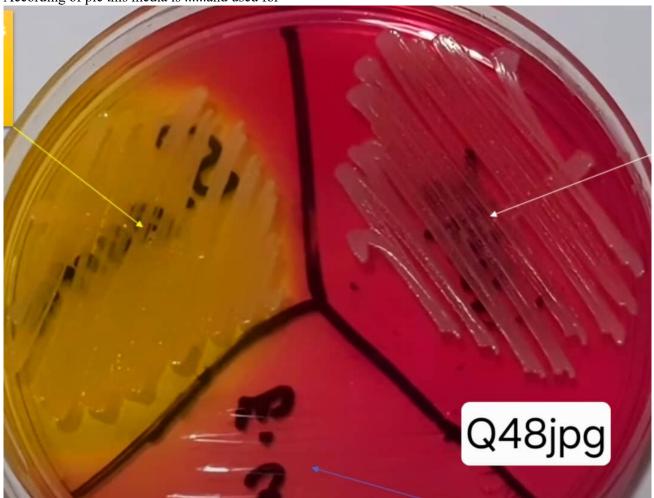


- 1) TCBS selective agent is bile salt and crystal violet
- 2) + TCBS selective agent is ox bile and sodium cholate
- 3) MSA selective agent is NaCl 7.5%



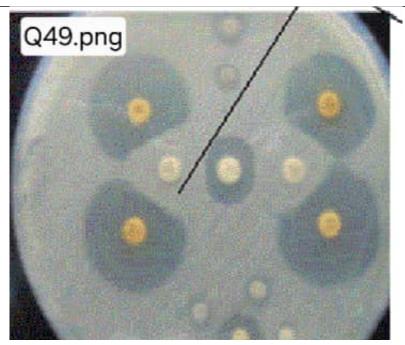
4) - MacConkey selective agent is sodium deoxycholate

48) According of pic this media isand used for



- 1) TCBS different vibro spp
- 2) MacConkey used for isolation if gram-ve
- 3) EMB used for isolation facal coliform
- 4) + MSA used for different between Staphylococcus spp
- 49) According to this pic the term used to describe antibiotic is





- Synergism 1)
- 2)
- Antamony Antagonism 3)
- Non if above 4)

According to this pic the hazerd is 50)



- Biological hazard 1)
- 2) health hazerd
- 3) Radiation hazard
- 4) Expolsive hazerd