

قائمة الاسئلة

علم الوراثة لطلاب السنة الاولى والثانية تمهيدي ماجستير النرم الاول قسم امراض اللثة

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- 1) Extra chromosomal DNA in bacteria
 - 1) + plasmid
 - 2) Barr body
 - 3) codon
 - 4) none of them
- 2) Crossing between Tt and Tt results in
 - 1) all short
 - 2) all tall
 - 3) + 3 tall: 1 short
 - 4) 1 short: 3 tall
- 3) Klinefelter's syndrome person has
 - 1) 46 chromosomes
 - 2) 45 chromosomes
 - 3) + 47 chromosomes
 - 4) none of them
- 4) Achondroplacia is an
 - 1) + autosomal dominant trait
 - 2) autosomal recessive trait
 - 3) X-linked dominant trait
 - 4) X-linked recessive trait
- 5) In a pedigree chart, solid circle symbolizes
 - 1) female
 - 2) male
 - 3) + affected female
 - 4) affected male
- 6) Mating between affected parents (Dd) and normal parents (dd) gives
 - 1) 3 affected (Dd): 1 normal (dd)
 - 2) + 2 affected (Dd): 2 normal (dd)
 - 3) 3 normal (dd): 1 affected (Dd)
 - 4) none of them
- 7) An alternative form of a gene is a
 - 1) anticodon
 - 2) + allele
 - 3) nucleoside
 - 4) none of them
- 8) Chromosome is composed of
 - 1) one chromatid
 - 2) + 2 chromatids
 - 3) 3 chromatids
 - 4) 4 chromatids
- 9) The factors responsible for inheritance of a character is called
 - 1) hybrid
 - 2) anticodon
 - 3) + gene
 - 4) all the choices

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- 10) The genetic makeup of an individual is known as
 - 1) phenotype
 - 2) + genotype
 - 3) locus
 - 4) all the choices
- 11) Trait expressed in homozygous condition (double dose)
 - 1) dominant
 - 2) + recessive
 - 3) hybrid
 - 4) none of them
- 12) Mutation that leads to incomplete (immature) protein
 - 1) point mutation
 - 2) frame shift mutation
 - 3) + non-sense mutation
 - 4) none of them
- 13) Technique used to detect DNA in the specimen is called
 - 1) + Southern blot analysis
 - 2) Northern blot analysis
 - 3) Western blot analysis
 - 4) all the choices
- 14) The principle of DNA sequencing is by blocking DNA synthesis through
 - 1) deoxy nucleotides
 - 2) + dideoxy nucleotides
 - 3) Taq polymerase
 - 4) primers
- 15) The number of human genes is
 - 1) 15,000-20,000
 - 2) + 25,000-30,000
 - 35,000-40,000
 - 4) > 50,000
- 16) Recombinant DNA technology is useful in producing
 - 1) hormones
 - 2) drugs
 - 3) vaccine
 - 4) + all the choices
- 17) Mostly these persons are infertile (sterile)
 - 1) Klinefelter syndrome
 - 2) + turner syndrome
 - 3) both Klinefelter syndrome and turner syndrome are correct
 - 4) both Klinefelter syndrome and turner syndrome are wrong
- 18) Enzyme binds to the promoter
 - 1) DNA polymerase
 - 2) + RNA polymerase
 - 3) endonuclease
 - 4) all the choices
- 19) Fragil X syndrome is due to
 - 1) point mutation
 - 2) frame shift mutation
 - 3) + repeated sequence

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- 4) none-sense mutation
- 20) Gynecomastia is seen in
 - 1) + Klinefelter syndrome
 - 2) turner syndrome
 - 3) fragil X syndrome
 - 4) all the choices
- 21) DNA is cut into fragments by
 - 1) DNA polymerases
 - 2) exonucleases
 - 3) + restriction enzymes
 - 4) reverse transcriptases
- 22) Dental caries is a good example of
 - 1) monogenic inheritance
 - 2) + multifactorial inheritance
 - 3) genetic factors
 - 4) environmental factors
- 23) Dentinogenesis imperfect type 1 is an example of
 - 1) X-linked recessive inheritance
 - 2) X-linked dominant inheritance
 - 3) autosomal recessive inheritance
 - 4) + autosomal dominant inheritance
- 24) The stop codon in protein synthesis is recognized by
 - 1) t RNA
 - 2) rRNA
 - 3) methionine
 - 4) + release factor
- 25) Fragile X-syndrome could be seen among
 - 1) males
 - 2) females
 - 3) + males and females
 - 4) none of them
- 26) Hemophilia A (Royal hemophili is a genetic deficiency of
 - 1) factor 6
 - 2) + factor 8
 - 3) factor 9
 - 4) all the choices
- 27) The males are only affected in
 - 1) + X-linked recessive inheritance
 - 2) X-linked dominant inheritance
 - 3) autosomal recessive inheritance
 - 4) autosomal dominant inheritance
- 28) Twin studies are used to determine
 - 1) monogenic diseases
 - 2) polygenic diseases
 - 3) + multifacoral diseases
 - 4) none of them
- 29) Risk factors for dental caries include
 - 1) genes
 - 2) oral bacteria



- 3) cariogenic diet
- 4) + all the choices
- 30) Mapping the disease gene to its location on the genome is performed by
 - 1) segregation analysis
 - 2) twin studies
 - 3) + linkage analysis
 - 4) none of them
- 31) Barr bodies are seen in
 - 1) normal female (XX)
 - 2) Klinefelter syndrome (XXY)
 - 3) Triple X syndrome (XXX)
 - 4) + all the choices
- 32) Amylogenesis imperfecta (Hypoplasti is a type of
 - 1) X-linked recessive inheritance
 - 2) + X-linked dominant inheritance
 - 3) autosomal recessive inheritance
 - 4) autosomal dominant inheritance
- 33) Double stranded DNA are linked to each other by
 - 1) peptide bond
 - 2) disulfide bond
 - 3) + hydrogen bond
 - 4) all the choices
- 34) Protein synthesis is known as
 - 1) transcription
 - 2) + translation
 - 3) replication
 - 4) recombination
- 35) The anticodon is present on
 - 1) mRNA
 - 2) rRNA
 - 3) + tRNA
 - 4) DNA