

## قائمة الاسئلة 3:53 13-04-2025

## التعويضات المتحركة الكاملة 2 المستوى الثاني - فني أسنان

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- 1) It is the line that extends from the center of the tragus of the ear to the lower border of the ala of the nose
  - 1) Frankfort line
  - 2) + Camper line
  - 3) Interpupillary line
  - 4) None
- 2) it is curved line that passes between the tip of the

lower canine through the tips of the buccal cusps of the lower

posterior teeth

- 1) + Curve of spee
- 2) Curve of wilson
- 3) Curve of moson
- 4) None
- 3) Determinants of the orientation of occlusal plane (The height of the upper rim) is
  - 1) The lip line
  - 2) The anterior plane
  - 3) Camper's plane
  - 4) + All
- 4) Selection of anterior teeth could be obtained from pre-extracion records which include
  - 1) Pre-extraction photograph
  - 2) Previous diagnostic casts
  - 3) Preserved extracted teeth
  - 4) + All
- 5) The younger the patient, the ----- the tooth shade is prefered
  - 1) Draker
  - 2) + Lighter
  - 3) yellowish
  - 4) None
- 6) :Semi anatomic teeth
  - 1) Easy to obtain balanced occlusion
  - 2) Generate less horizontal force
  - 3) used in well formed alveolar ridge
  - 4) + All
- 7) When there is well formed rige and more interarch space, the teeth preferred is
  - 1) Acrylic
  - 2) + Porcelain
  - 3) Composite
  - 4) None
- 8) The preferred teeth to be used in patients with highly resorbed ridges and poor neuromascular control is
  - 1) Anatomic teeth
  - 2) + Non anatomic teeth
  - 3) Semi anatomic teeth
  - 4) A11
- 9) All are primary stress bearing areas except
  - 1) Hard palae
  - 2) Buccal shelf



- 3) + Rugea area
- 4) Retromolar pad area
- 10) Wax elemination procedures takes
  - 1) More than 20 minutes
  - 2) + for 3-5 minutes
  - 3) More than 30 minutes
  - 4) None
- 11) Heat processing cycle at 72-75 F for 8 hours considered as
  - 1) + Long term cycle
  - 2) Short term cycle
  - 3) Medium term cycle
  - 4) None
- 12) The mesiolingual cusps of the maxillary first molar
  - 1) + Touch the occlusal plane
  - 2) Raised 0.5 mm
  - 3) Raised 1 mm
  - 4) None
- 13) The distobuccal cusp of the maxillary first molar
  - 1) Touch the occlusal plane
  - 2) Raised 0.5 mm
  - 3) + Raised 1 mm
  - 4) None
- 14) The anatomical landmark that is important in the arrangement of mandibular posterior teeth is
  - 1) + Retromolar pad area
  - 2) Genial tubercle
  - 3) Buccal shelf
  - 4) None
- 15) carving the denture base to create natural tissues contours in the denture is called
  - 1) + Festooning
  - 2) Stippling
  - 3) All
  - 4) None
- 16) The ideal stage to pack the mould is
  - 1) + The dough stage
  - 2) The stringy stage
  - 3) The plastic stage
  - 4) None
- 17) The function of the posterior palatal seal is
  - 1) To aid in balanced occlusion
  - 2) To aid in insertion and removal of complete denture
  - 3) + To ensure a complete seal by increasing atmospheric pressure to help retention of a denture
  - 4) Retention of mandibular denture by sealing its posterior margin
- 18) Post dam area serves mainly to
  - 1) Prevent ingress of food and saliva beneath denture base
  - 2) Prevent lifting away of denture during incising
  - 3) Stabilize the denture
  - 4) + A11
- 19) Sensitive areas to be relived in the mandible are except
  - 1) Mental foramen



- Thin mucosa directly covers sharp mylohyoid ridge 2)
- 3)
- 4)
- + Median raphe

  Thin wiry ridges

  Denture processing procedures 20)
  - Wax elemination 1)
  - Packing of the mould 2)
  - Curing 3)
  - 4) All