



قائمة الاسئلة 2025-04-29 06:02

(20) الامتحان درجة-والاسناد الفم وجراحة طب كلية-اسناد تقني- Third المستوى- Occlusion

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- 1) it exhibits poor esthetics:
 - 1) - bilateral balanced articulation
 - 2) ☒ Monoplane articulation
 - 3) - unilateral balanced articulation
 - 4) - none
- 2) In this type of arrangement, each tooth occludes with two opposing tooth
 - 1) - Cusp fossa occlusion
 - 2) - all
 - 3) ☒ Cusp ridge occlusion
 - 4) - none
- 3) is used in severe bone resorption cases
 - 1) - lingualized occlusion
 - 2) - balanced occlusion
 - 3) - nothing
 - 4) ☒ Monoplane occlusion
- 4) used in complete denture
 - 1) - monoplane occlusion
 - 2) - bilateral balanced occlusion
 - 3) - lingualized occlusion
 - 4) ☒ all
- 5) upper and lower non-anatomic teeth is used with
 - 1) - bilateral balanced articulation
 - 2) - unilateral balanced articulation
 - 3) - lingualized articulation
 - 4) ☒ none
- 6) in this type of occlusion, canine and all facial ridges of the teeth on the working side contact their opposes
 - 1) - Mutually (canine) protected occlusion
 - 2) - Bilateral planned occlusion
 - 3) ☒ unilateral planned occlusion
 - 4) - none
- 7) it utilizes anatomic teeth for the maxillary denture and modified non-anatomic or semi anatomic teeth for the mandibular denture
 - 1) - Monoplane articulation
 - 2) ☒ lingualized articulation
 - 3) - balanced occlusion
 - 4) - none
- 8) it presents in 5% of population
 - 1) - unilateral balanced occlusion
 - 2) ☒ bilateral balanced occlusion
 - 3) - lingualized occlusion
 - 4) - none
- 9) In optimum occlusion:
 - 1) - occlusal forces is not along the long axis of teeth
 - 2) - Anterior teeth are in solid and even contact , posterior teeth is slightly lighter contact
 - 3) ☒ posterior teeth are in solid and even contact , anterior teeth is slightly lighter contact



- 4) - none
- 10) unilateral balanced occlusion is :
- 1) ☒ an occlusion which is used with natural teeth
 - 2) - an occlusion which is used in complete denture
 - 3) - all
 - 4) - none
- 11) Cusp fossa occlusion:
- 1) ☒ all
 - 2) - produces more teeth stability
 - 3) - provides maximum support in centric occlusion
 - 4) - none
- 12) An occlusal contact between maxillary and mandibular teeth on the side of the arch opposite the direction in which mandibular moved in lateral excursion
- 1) - working side interference
 - 2) ☒ non working side interference
 - 3) - centric interference
 - 4) - none
- 13) They can accept fixed centric relation record only
- 1) - Adjustable articulator
 - 2) ☒ Non adjustable articulator
 - 3) - All
 - 4) - none
- 14) is used to simulate the jaw movements, like opening and
- 1) - all
 - 2) - face-bow
 - 3) ☒ articulator
 - 4) - none
- 15) Premature contact occur between mesial aspect of mandibular posterior teeth and distal aspect of maxillary posterior teeth
- 1) - working side interference
 - 2) - none
 - 3) - non-working side interference
 - 4) ☒ Protrusive interference
- 16) Mean value articulator is
- 1) - Class I Articulator
 - 2) ☒ Class II Articulator
 - 3) - Class III Articulator
 - 4) - Class IV Articulator
- 17) it permits vertical motion only
- 1) - Mean value articulator
 - 2) ☒ hinge articulator
 - 3) - semi-adjustable articulator
 - 4) - none
- 18) Condyle analogue on the upper member and Condylar track (glenoid fossa in patient) on the lower member
- 1) - none
 - 2) - All
 - 3) - Non-Arcon Articulator
 - 4) ☒ Arcon Articulator





- 19) incisal pin is a part of
- 1) - none
 - 2) - All
 - 3) - face-bow
 - 4) ☒ + Articulator
- 20) It relates the maxillary cast to the hinge axis of the
- 1) ☒ + face-bow
 - 2) - articulator
 - 3) - all
 - 4) - none