



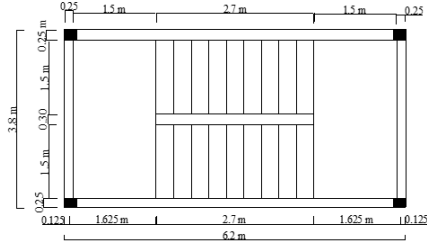
قائمة الاسئلة

خرسانة 2-قسم الهندسة المدنية-المستوى الثالث-درجة الأختبار 70 درجة-الزمن ثلاث ساعات

د / عبدالوهاب النونو

1)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m^2 , finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m^2 , plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m^2 , specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m^2 , $f_c' = 22 \text{ Mpa}$, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$ and use steel $\phi 16$)

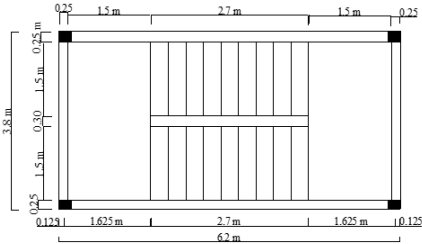


The minimum thickness of stairs can be used is t_{min} :

- 1) - 320.45 mm
- 2) - 244.57 mm²
- 3) + 270.46 mm
- 4) - None of these

2)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m^2 , finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m^2 , plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m^2 , specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m^2 , $f_c' = 22 \text{ Mpa}$, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$ and use steel $\phi 16$)

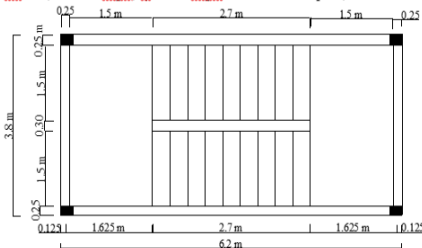


the inclination angle of stairs α and the thickness on horizontal projection t' :

- 1) - 30.570 & 320.5 mm
- 2) - 20.570 & 300.6 mm
- 3) + 26.570 & 302.5 mm
- 4) - 26.570 & 250.9 mm

3)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m^2 , finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m^2 , plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m^2 , specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m^2 , $f_c' = 22 \text{ Mpa}$, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$ and use steel $\phi 16$)



The factored loads on the inclined part W_{u1} is:

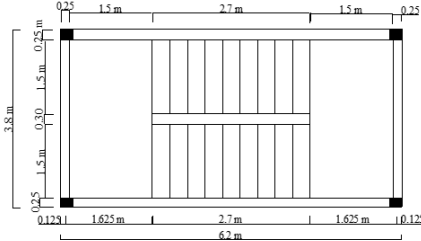




- 1) + 20.24 kn/m²
- 2) - 22.24 kn/m²
- 3) - 25.34 kn/m²
- 4) - 18.03 kn/m²

4)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m², finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m², plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m², specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m², $f_c=22$ Mpa, $f_s=350$ Mpa and use steel $\phi 16$)

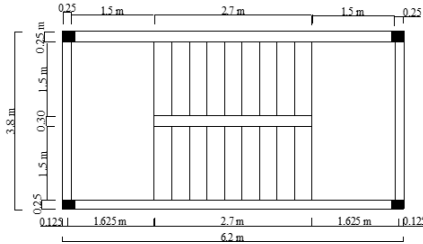


The factored loads on the landing part Wu_2 is: _____

- 1) + 16.65 kn/m²
- 2) - 18.03 kn/m²
- 3) - 20.24 kn/m²
- 4) - 25.34 kn/m²

5)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m², finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m², plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m², specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m², $f_c=22$ Mpa, $f_s=350$ Mpa and use steel $\phi 16$)

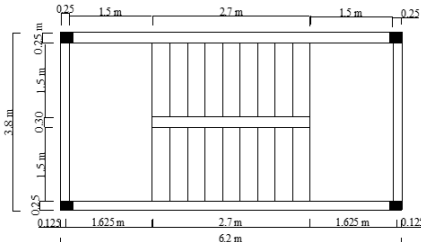


The loads for the entire width of the stairs Wu_1 and Wu_2 respectively:

- 1) - 30.36 kn/m² & 29.98 kn/m²
- 2) - 24.98 kn/m² & 32.44 kn/m²
- 3) - 33.56 kn/m² & 22.78 kn/m²
- 4) + 30.36 kn/m² & 24.98 kn/m²

6)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m², finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m², plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m², specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m², $f_c=22$ Mpa, $f_s=350$ Mpa and use steel $\phi 16$)



From the structural analysis the reaction R_a in the support is:

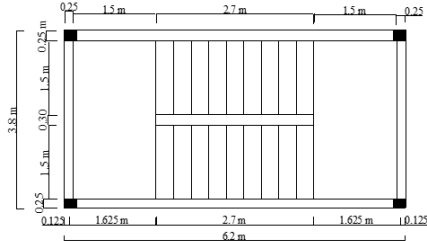




- 1) - 71.58 kn
- 2) - 88.56 kn
- 3) - 81.56 kg
- 4) + 81.56 kn

7)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m^2 , finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m^2 , plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m^2 , specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m^2 , $f_c = 22 \text{ Mpa}$, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$ and use steel $\phi 16$)

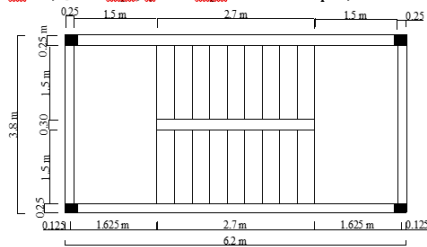


The value of the maximum bending moment at the mid span M_u is:

- 1) - -120.55 kn.m
- 2) - 133.55 kn.m
- 3) + 127.25 kn.m
- 4) - 172.25 kn.m

8)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m^2 , finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m^2 , plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m^2 , specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m^2 , $f_c = 22 \text{ Mpa}$, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$ and use steel $\phi 16$)

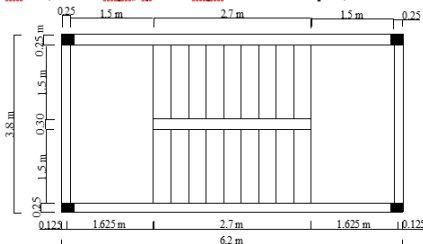


The effective depth for section of stairs $d =$

- 1) - 250 mm
- 2) - 270 mm
- 3) + 242 mm
- 4) - 238 mm

9)

Design the stair shown in the figure for the following data ($R=150$ mm, $G=300$ mm, finishing load on the landing = 1.1 kn/m^2 , finishing load of the going = 0.95 kn/m^2 , plaster on the bottom side = 0.22 kn/m^2 , specified live load on plan = 3.15 kn/m^2 , $f_c = 22 \text{ Mpa}$, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$ and use steel $\phi 16$)



Area of steel reinforcement on the width of stairs $A_s =$





- 1) 1839.08 mm²
2) 1839.08 cm²
3) 1702.87 mm²
4) 1939.08 mm²
- 10)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 **Kn** and a live load 850 **Kn** using $f'_c=22$ **Mpa** and $f_y= 350$ **Mpa** and steel ratio about 3.15%.

The factored load **P_u** =

- 1) 2845 kn
2) 2478 kn
3) 3750 kn
4) 3478 kn
- 11)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 **Kn** and a live load 850 **Kn** using $f'_c=22$ **Mpa** and $f_y= 350$ **Mpa** and steel ratio about 3.15%.

The area of cross section **A_g**:

- 1) 190876.81 cm
2) 18509.381 mm²
3) 153169.71 mm²
4) 185093.81 mm²
- 12)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 **Kn** and a live load 850 **Kn** using $f'_c=22$ **Mpa** and $f_y= 350$ **Mpa** and steel ratio about 3.15%.

The obtained diameter **D** of spiral column from calculations is:





- 1) + 441.61 mm
2) - 560.67 cm
3) - 485.46 mm
4) - 399.72 mm
- 13)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 K_n and a live load 850 K_n using $f'_c=22$ Mpa and $f_y=350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 3.15%.

Use diameter of column D :

- 1) - 425 mm
2) - 550 mm
3) - 500 mm
4) + 450 mm
- 14)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 K_n and a live load 850 K_n using $f'_c=22$ Mpa and $f_y=350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 3.15%.

Area of steel reinforcement A_{st} :

- 1) - 5201.44 mm²
2) - 6872.23 mm²
3) - 4399.45 mm²
4) + 5009.86 mm²
- 15)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 K_n and a live load 850 K_n using $f'_c=22$ Mpa and $f_y=350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 3.15%.

The area of core A_c and cross section A_g respectively:





- 1) - 13044.833 & 201349.53 mm²
2) - 138544.24 & 196349.54 mm²
3) - 195001.76 & 138544.24 mm²
4) + 107521.01 & 159043.13 mm²
- 16)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 Kn and a live load 850 Kn using $f'_c=22$ Mpa and $f'_s= 350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 3.15%.

The minimum ratio of spiral steel ρ_{min} is:

- 1) - 0.011265
2) - 0.001126
3) + 0.01355
4) - 0.003323
- 17)

Design a spiral column to support an axial dead load 1000 Kn and a live load 850 Kn using $f'_c=22$ Mpa and $f'_s= 350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 3.15%.

The calculated value for distance between spiral \underline{s} =

- 1) - 62.42 mm
2) + 59.95 mm
3) - 50.32 cm
4) - 55.92 mm²
- 18)

Design a rectangular tied column to support an axial dead load 1500 Kn and a live load 800 Kn using $f'_c=23$ Mpa and $f'_s= 350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 4.25 %, design the necessary ties? (assume b=300 mm).

The factored ultimate load $\underline{P_u}$ equal to:



- 1) + 3460 kn
2) - 3095 kn
3) - 4200 kn
4) - 3560 kn
- 19)

Design a rectangular tied column to support an axial dead load 1500 Kn and a live load 800 Kn using $f'_c=23$ Mpa and $f_c=350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 4.25 %, design the necessary ties? (assume $b=300$ mm).

the cross-section area A_g is:

- 1) - 172818.04 mm²
2) - 120818.99 mm²
3) + 183918.21 mm²
4) - None of these
- 20)

Design a rectangular tied column to support an axial dead load 1500 Kn and a live load 800 Kn using $f'_c=23$ Mpa and $f_c=350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 4.25 %, design the necessary ties? (assume $b=300$ mm).

the length of column L from calculation is:

- 1) - 753.86 mm
2) - 691.27 mm
3) - 644.76 mm
4) + 613.06 mm
- 21)

Design a rectangular tied column to support an axial dead load 1500 Kn and a live load 800 Kn using $f'_c=23$ Mpa and $f_c=350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 4.25 %, design the necessary ties? (assume $b=300$ mm).

use L and A_g of column as:





- 1) - 700 mm , 190000 mm³
- 2) - 700 mm , 175000 mm²
- 3) + 650 mm , 195000 mm²
- 4) - 720 cm , 17500 mm²

22)

Design a rectangular tied column to support an axial dead load 1500 Kn and a live load 800 Kn using $f_c'=23$ Mpa and $f_s= 350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 4.25 %, design the necessary ties? (assume b=300 mm).

the area of steel reinforcement A_{st} is:

- 1) + 8287.5 mm²
- 2) - 6990.65 mm³
- 3) - 7903.23 mm²
- 4) - 8700.33 mm

23)

Design a rectangular tied column to support an axial dead load 1500 Kn and a live load 800 Kn using $f_c'=23$ Mpa and $f_s= 350$ Mpa and steel ratio about 4.25 %, design the necessary ties? (assume b=300 mm).

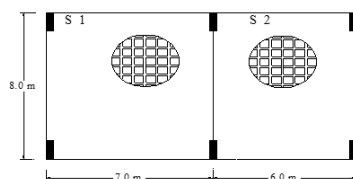
The suitable space between ties S is:

- 1) - 480 mm
- 2) + 300 mm
- 3) - 350 mm
- 4) - None of these

24)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28$ Mpa, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350$ Mpa
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82$ Mpa & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m², Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m²
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m², Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn, Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m³



For slab1; the values of β , h_{min} and h_{max} are respectively as:



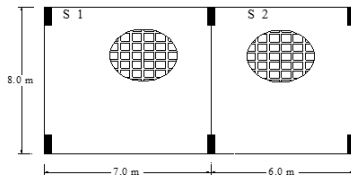


- 1) - 1.161 , 180.18 mm , 206.67 cm
- 2) - 1.512 , 170.19 mm , 236.65 mm
- 3) - 2.113 , 210.32 mm , 266.56 mm
- 4) + 1.161 , 160.18 mm , 206.67 mm

25)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{c(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



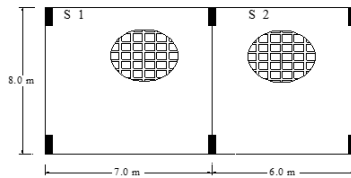
Take the thickness of slab h :

- 1) - 200 mm
- 2) - 220 mm
- 3) - 300 mm
- 4) + 250 mm

26)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{c(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



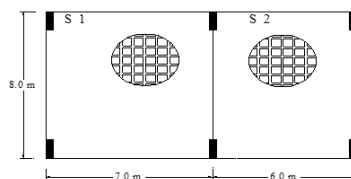
The factored load W_u is:

- 1) - 15.342 kn/m2
- 2) - 15.342 kn/m3
- 3) + 13.934 kn/m2
- 4) - 14.924 kn/m2

27)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{c(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



$r = L/h$ for slab 1 equal to:



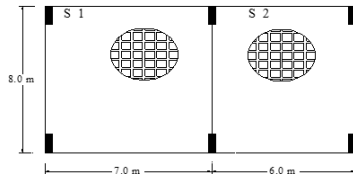


- 1) - 0.751
- 2) - 0.654
- 3) + 0.875
- 4) - 0.822

28)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



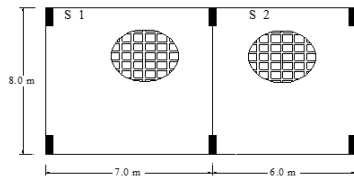
The bending moment for slab 1 in short direction, M_u (continuous edge, discontinuous edge and positive moment respectively) will be:

- 1) - - 19.897 , - 17.66 , 20.43 kn.m/m'
- 2) + - 46.43 , - 23.21 , 35.16 kn.m/m'
- 3) - - 39.95 , - 18.5 , 15.057 kn.m/m'
- 4) - - 16.897 , - 9.95 , 15.057 kn.m/m'

29)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



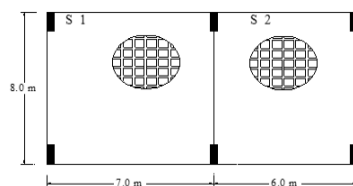
The bending moment per rib for slab 1 in short direction, M_u (continuous edge, discontinuous edge and positive moment respectively) will be:

- 1) - - 14.897 , - 15.66 , 17.58 kn.m/rib
- 2) + - 23.21 , - 11.61 , 17.58 kn.m/rib
- 3) - - 23.21 , - 14.5 , 13.057 kn.m/rib
- 4) - - 19.897 , - 12.95 , 14.057 kn.m/rib

30)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



For slab 2 $r = l_x/l_y$ equal to:



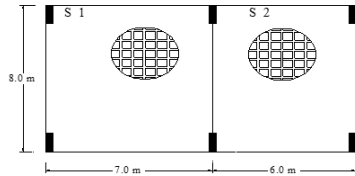


- 1) + 0.75
- 2) - 0.77
- 3) - 0.875
- 4) - 0.8

31)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



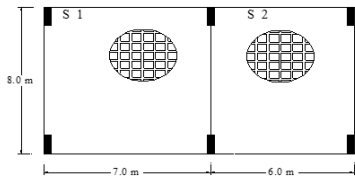
The bending moment for slab 2 in short direction, M_u (continuous edge, discontinuous edge and positive moment respectively will be:

- 1) + - 39.13 , - 19.56 , 29.596 kn.m/m'
- 2) - - 40.93 , - 23.21 , 38.16 kn.m/m'
- 3) - - 39.95 , - 18.54 , 17.057 kn.m/m'
- 4) - - 19.89 , - 11.95 , 15.057 kn.m/m'

32)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



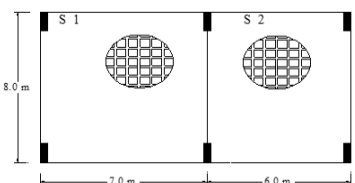
The bending moment per rib for slab 2 in short direction, M_u (continuous edge, discontinuous edge and positive moment respectively will be:

- 1) + - 19.565 , - 9.78 , 14.798 kn.m/rib
- 2) - - 25.21 , - 9.61 , 15.58 kn.m/rib
- 3) - - 20.95 , - 17.5 , 19.057 kn.m/rib
- 4) - - 20.89 , - 12.95 , 14.057 kn.m/rib

33)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



For design the section of rib at mid span of slab 1 in short direction, by assuming $M_u = 17.58 \text{ kn.m}$, the section is treated as:



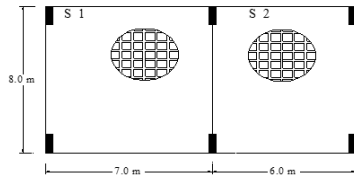


- 1) - Double reinforcement section
- 2) - Tie section
- 3) + Rectangular section
- 4) - Single reinforcement section

34)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



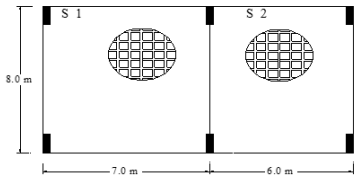
The values a , Z and A_s of the section at mid span of slab 1 were obtained respectively as:

- 1) - 6.5 mm , 250 mm , 405.23 mm²
- 2) + 7.43 mm , 220 mm , 252.12 mm²
- 3) - 5.25 mm , 150 mm , 189.23 mm²
- 4) - 9.56 mm , 300 mm , 509.55 mm²

35)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



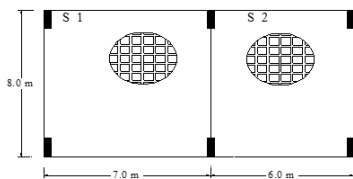
For design the section of rib at continuous edge of slab 1 in short direction, by assuming $M_u = 23.21 \text{ kn.m}$, the section is treated as:

- 1) - Double reinforcement section and solid part was needed
- 2) + Single reinforcement section and no need solid part
- 3) - Tie section
- 4) - Rectangular section

36)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



The values a , Z and A_s of the section at continuous edge of slab 1 were obtained respectively as:



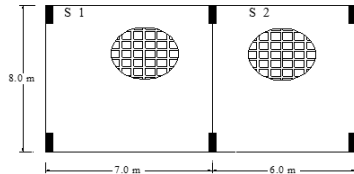


- 1) - 40.51 mm , 300.45 mm , 509.55 mm²
- 2) - 59.56 mm , 150.55 mm , 189.23 mm²
- 3) - 65.55 mm , 250.25 mm , 405.23 mm²
- 4) + 53.51 mm , 198.25 mm , 371.67 mm²

37)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



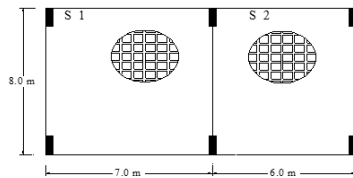
By assuming the width of the interior hidden beam $b = 1.2 \text{ m}$, and to calculate the ultimate load W_{u1} from slab 1 the values of r and α for moment were founded as:

- 1) + $r = 1.14 \alpha = 0.744$
- 2) - $r = 1.77 \alpha = 0.877$
- 3) - $r = 1.14 \alpha = 0.9044$
- 4) - $r = 2.44 \alpha = 0.7477$

38)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



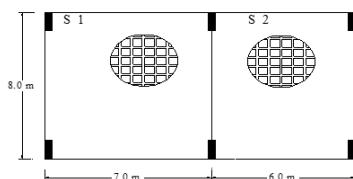
the ultimate load from slab 1 on interior hidden beam is $W_{u1} =$

- 1) - 40.67 kn/m'
- 2) - 30.55 kn/m'
- 3) + 36.28 kn/m'
- 4) - 41.33 kn/m'

39)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(\max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



By assuming the width of the interior hidden beam $b = 1.2 \text{ m}$, and to calculate the ultimate load W_{u2} from slab 2 the values of r and α for moment were founded as:

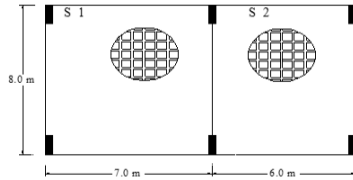


- 1) + $r = 1.33 \alpha = 0.8125$
- 2) - $r = 1.88 \alpha = 0.891$
- 3) - $r = 1.55 \alpha = 0.911$
- 4) - $r = 2.24 \alpha = 0.777$

40)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f'_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



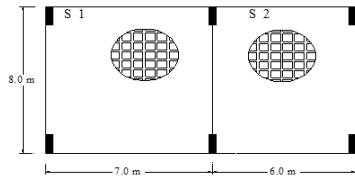
the ultimate load from slab 2 on interior hidden beam is $Wu2 =$

- 1) - 40.67 kn/m^2
- 2) - 25.55 kn/m^2
- 3) + 33.964 kn/m^2
- 4) - 42.33 kn/m^2

41)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f'_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



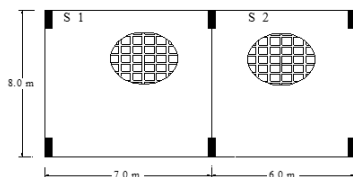
Own weight of hidden beam =

- 1) - 11.51 kn/m^2
- 2) - 7.78 kn/m^2
- 3) - 12.98 kn/m^2
- 4) + 3.76 kn/m^2

42)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f'_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



Then the total load ($Wu = Wu1 + Wu2 + \text{Own weight}$) on hidden beam is equal to:



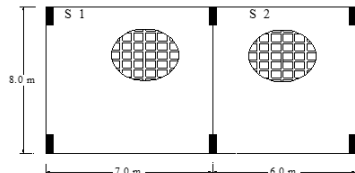


- 1) - 90.67 kn/m'
- 2) - 70.11 kn/m²
- 3) - 61.67 kn/m'
- 4) + 74.01 kn/m'

43)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



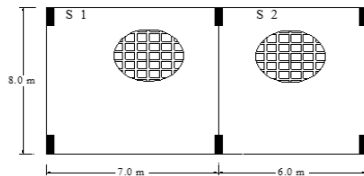
The maximum bending moment at mid span of interior hidden beam (assume $b = 1.6 \text{ m}$ and $W_u = 80 \text{ kn/m}'$) using $M_u = W_l^2/8$ is:

- 1) + 640 kn.m
- 2) - 550 kn.m
- 3) - 600 kn/m
- 4) - 700 kn.m

44)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



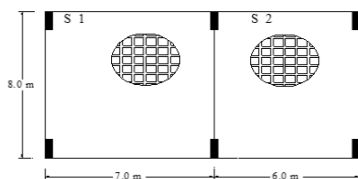
The value of R_u (actual) for the hidden beam ($b = 1.6 \text{ m}$) as:

- 1) - 6.82 Mpa
- 2) - 7.02 Mpa
- 3) + 7.9 Mpa
- 4) - 10.2 Mpa

45)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



the section is:



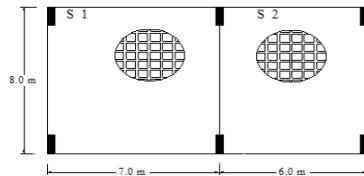


- 1) - Single
- 2) + Double
- 3) - Over reinforcement
- 4) - Not safe

46)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



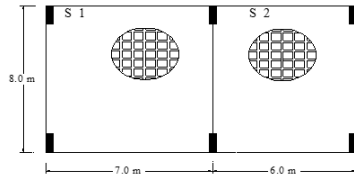
the reinforcement $A_{s1} =$

- 1) - 10890 mm²
- 2) + 9864 mm²
- 3) - 8010 mm²
- 4) - 5603 mm²

47)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



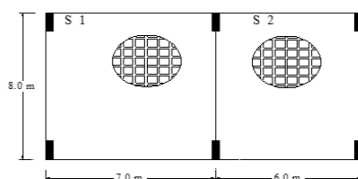
the equivalent depth of compression area (a) and neutral axis at distance c were:

- 1) - 90.66 mm , 180.5 mm
- 2) - 67.98 mm , 120.84 mm
- 3) + 90.66 mm , 106.66 mm
- 4) - 101.4 mm , 93.422 mm

48)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_s = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{u(max)} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{max} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



the bending moments M_{u1} and $M_{u2} =$



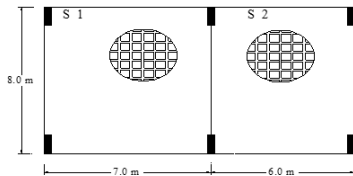


- 1) - 600.53 kn.m , 100.45 kn.m
- 2) + 558.26 kn.m , 81.74 kn.m
- 3) - 61.74 kn.m , 558.26 kn.m
- 4) - 319.5 kn.m , 319.5 kn.m

49)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



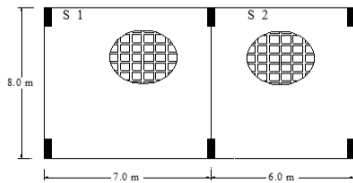
the reinforcement steel $A_{s2} =$

- 1) - 1200.77 mm²
- 2) + 1330.73 mm²
- 3) - 900.555 mm²
- 4) - 1330.73 mm⁴

50)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



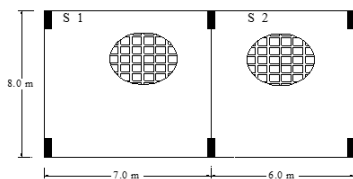
For checking yielding of steel ϵ_s' and ϵ_V are:

- 1) + 0.00216 0.00175
- 2) - 0.0222 0.00199
- 3) - 0.00216 mm 0.00175 mm
- 4) - 0.254 0.00175

51)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c' = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_u(\text{max}) = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



the steel A_{s2} in compression zone =



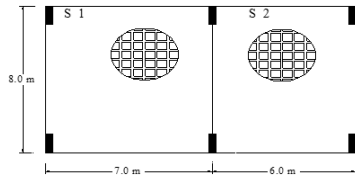


- 1) - 1200.89 mm²
- 2) - 1330.73 cm³
- 3) + 1330,73 mm²
- 4) - 1360.89 mm²

52)

Design the floor shown in the figure below as a hollow block with hidden beam, if the given data as mentioned below:

Given
The concrete strength $f_c = 28 \text{ Mpa}$, Yield strength of steel, $f_y = 350 \text{ Mpa}$
($R_{d(\text{max})} = 6.82 \text{ Mpa}$ & $\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.0274$), Live load = 3 Kn/m^2 , Finishing load = 1.5 Kn/m^2
Partition load = 0.6 Kn/m^2 , Weight of each block = 0.12 Kn , Weight of concrete = 25 Kn/m^3



The total area of steel reinforcement $A_s = A_{s1} + A_{s2} =$

- 1) - 18901.67 mm²
- 2) - 15490.43 mm²
- 3) + 11194.73 mm²
- 4) - 8342.343 mm²

