



قائمة الاسئلة

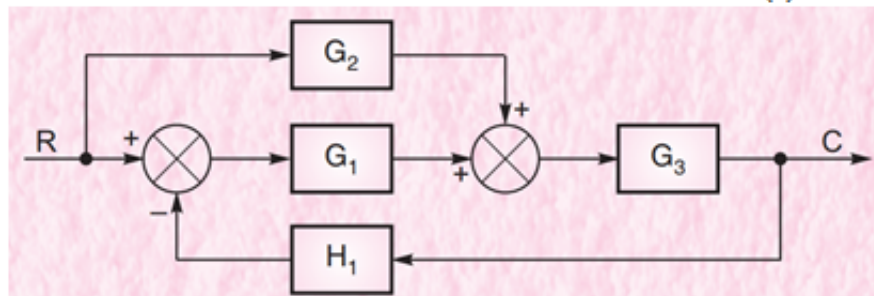
تحكم تلقائي- كلية الهندسة - قسم الميكانيك - المستوى الثالث- 3 ساعات - درجة هذا الاختبار (50)

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- 1) Which of the following is an open-loop control system?
 - 1) - Automatic room heater.
 - 2) ☒ Traffic light system
 - 3) - Air conditioner
 - 4) - Temperature control system.
- 2) A mass-spring-damper system is an example of a:
 - 1) - First-order open-loop control system
 - 2) - First-order closed-loop control system
 - 3) ☒ Second-order system
 - 4) - First-order system
- 3) - **The closed-loop transfer function of a system with forward gain $G(s)$ and negative feedback gain $H(s)$ is:**
 - a) $G(s) H(s)$.
 - b) $G(s)/(1 + G(s) H(s))$
 - c) $G(s)/(1 - G(s) H(s))$
 - d) $G(s) + H(s)$.
 - 1) - a
 - 2) ☒ b
 - 3) - c
 - 4) - d
- 4) - **A second-order underdamped system has a damping ratio ζ :**
 - a) $\zeta > 1$.
 - b) $\zeta = 1$.
 - c) $0 < \zeta < 1$.
 - d) $\zeta = 0$
 - 1) - a
 - 2) - b
 - 3) ☒ c
 - 4) - d
- 5) A car is moving at a constant speed of 50 km/h, which of the following is the feedback element for the driver?
 - 1) - Clutch.
 - 2) ☒ Needle of the speedometer.
 - 3) - Eyes.
 - 4) - Steering wheel.
- 6) In a control system the output of the controller is given to
 - 1) - Amplifier.
 - 2) - Sensor.
 - 3) ☒ Final control element.
 - 4) - Comparator
- 7) A system is stable if all the poles have:



- 1) - Positive real parts.
 - 2) ☒ Negative real parts.
 - 3) - Zero real parts.
 - 4) - Imaginary parts.
- 8) The transfer function of a system is given by:
- 1) - Input/Output in Laplace domain.
 - 2) - Output/Input in time domain.
 - 3) - Output – Input in Laplace domain.
 - 4) ☒ Output/Input in Laplace domain.
- 9) If a step function is applied to the input of a system and the output remains below a certain level for all the time, the system is:
- 1) ☒ not necessarily stable.
 - 2) - Stable.
 - 3) - Unstable.
 - 4) - always unstable.
- 10) A control system is generally met with the time response specifications:
- 1) - Damping factor.
 - 2) - Setting time.
 - 3) - Steady state accuracy.
 - 4) ☒ All of the mentioned
- 11) A first-order differential equation represents a:
- 1) ☒ First-order system
 - 2) - Second-order system
 - 3) - Third-order system
 - 4) - Static system
- 12) **As shown in next system When $R(s)$ is the input and $C(s)$ is the output, the block diagram is simplified to give the transfer function $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ as:**



- 1) ☒ $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 + G_2 G_3}{1 + G_1 G_3 H_1}$.
- 2) - $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_1 G_3 H_1}$.
- 3) - $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 + G_3}{1 + G_1 G_3 H_1}$.
- 4) - None of the above.

13)



Considering the following T.F. of a certain first order system,

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = G(s) = \frac{10}{(s + 10)}$$

the response of the system for $r(t) = u(t)$ is:

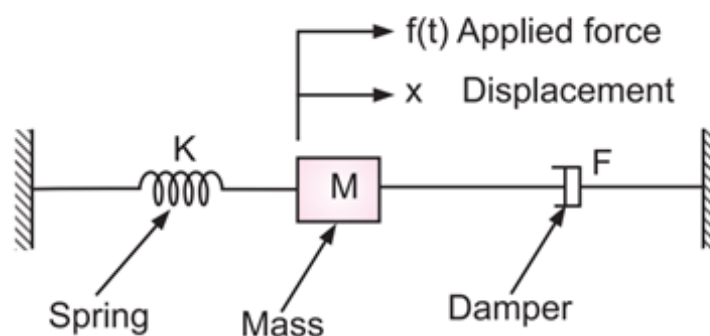
- 1) - $c(t) = [1 - e^{-i10t}]$
- 2) ☒ $c(t) = [1 - e^{-10t}]$.
- 3) - $c(t) = [1 + e^{-i10t}]$
- 4) - $c(t) = [1 + e^{10t}]$

14) Considering the following T.F. of a certain first order system, the Time delay equal:

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = G(s) = \frac{10}{(s + 10)}$$

- 1) - 0.693 s
- 2) - 0.0963 s
- 3) ☒ 0.0693 s.
- 4) - 0.0363 s

15) As following control system for the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{X(s)}{F(s)}$ if the $f(t) = 25 N$, with Mass ($M = 1 kg$), Spring Constant ($K = 25 N/m$) and Damping Coefficient ($F = 5 N.s/m$) the ω_n and ζ respectively are:

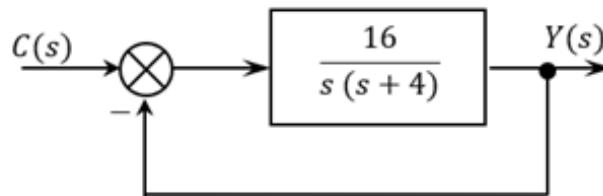


- 1) - $\omega_n = 2.5$ and $\zeta = 0.5$
- 2) - $\omega_n = 5$ and $\zeta = 1$
- 3) - $\omega_n = 2.5$ and $\zeta = 0$



4) ☒ $\omega_n = 5$ and $\zeta = 0.5$.

- 16) As following certain unity negative feedback control system the for input $C(s) = u(t)$ and transfer function $G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{C(s)}$ the M_p and $\%M_p$ respectively are:



- 1) ☒ $M_p = 1.1629$ and $\%M_p = 16.29\%$.
- 2) ☐ $M_p = 11.629$ and $\%M_p = 16.29\%$
- 3) ☐ $M_p = 1.1629$ and $\%M_p = 0.1629\%$
- 4) ☐ $M_p = 11.629$ and $\%M_p = 1.629\%$
- 17) A closed-loop control system has the characteristic equation given by:

$$F(s) = s^3 + 4.5s^2 + 3.5s + 1.5$$

Investigation of the stability using Routh-Hurwitz criterion shows:

- 1) ☐ System is un-stable
- 2) ☒ System is stable.
- 3) ☐ System is marginally stable.
- 4) ☐ None of the above.
- 18) in systems type 0 and type 1 with input $c(t) = u(t)$ with steady state error formula $\frac{1}{1+K_p}$ the Static error constant K_p for both systems respectively are:
- 1) ☐ $K_p = \text{constant}$ and $K_p = 0$;
- 2) ☐ $K_p = \infty$ and $K_p = 0$;
- 3) ☐ $K_p = \infty$ and $K_p = 0$;
- 4) ☒ $K_p = \text{constant}$ and $K_p = \infty$

19)



In the closed loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ and the characteristic equation is $1 + H(s) G(s) = 0$, and $H(s) G(s) = \frac{K}{(s+2)(s+4)}$ the breakaway point is:

- 1) - -2.5
- 2) ☒ + -3
- 3) - 3
- 4) - -3.5