

قائمة الاسئلة

ريادة اعمال هندسية- كلية الهندسة - قسم الميكاترونكس - المستوى الرابع- 3ساعات - درجة هذا الاختبار (50)

د. عبدالملك مومن

- 1) An economic development depends on:
 - 1) The closing of a new market.
 - 2) The introduction of a new quantity of product.
 - 3) The development of any mechanism.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 2) What is a business plan?
 - 1) It is a differential of functional plans.
 - 2) It is an integration of plans such as marketing only.
 - 3) + It depends on manufacturing, sales and human resources.
 - 4) None of them.
- 3) The successful entrepreneurship requires:
 - 1) + Spirit and skills.
 - 2) Brain storming.
 - 3) Acute thinking.
 - 4) None of them.
- 4) The financing planning involves:
 - 1) Identifying the stages of ending only.
 - 2) + Identifying business advisers.
 - 3) Hiring an excellent worker.
 - 4) None of them.
- 5) For the implementation of any project, it requires:
 - 1) Flexible documents.
 - 2) + Strategy and tactics.
 - 3) Total technical workers.
 - 4) Adjustment only.
- 6) The HR managers face:
 - 1) + An array of new challenges.
 - 2) Financial solutions.
 - 3) Financial linkages only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 7) The technology map includes:
 - 1) Manufacturing technology.
 - 2) Implementation technology only.
 - 3) Destination technology.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 8) The approaches of test marketing are:
 - 1) Standard test markets.
 - 2) Controlled test markets.
 - 3) Optimal test markets only.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 9) The prototype development guide lines are:
 - 1) + Work in manageable modules.
 - 2) Build the prototype slowly.
 - 3) Disturb the prototype in successive iterations.
 - 4) None of them.



- 10) The technology entrepreneur has:
 - 1) + The tendency to develop innovative processes.
 - 2) The tendency to create technical ideas.
 - 3) The tendency to develop non-technical ideas.
 - 4) The capability to analyze non-intelligence ventures.
- 11) The criteria for a good manager are:
 - 1) Average management skills.
 - 2) Strong technical skills.
 - 3) To take positions of low authority.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 12) The challenges for the entrepreneurs are
 - 1) Risk of failure only.
 - 2) Risk of disturbance.
 - 3) + Certain income levels.
 - 4) None of them.
- 13) The product design process affects:
 - 1) + Customer satisfaction.
 - 2) Product quantity.
 - 3) Product cost.
 - 4) None of them.
- 14) The international product marketing includes:
 - 1) + Standardization versus customization.
 - 2) Standardization versus product.
 - 3) Packaging only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 15) The cultural environment is:
 - 1) + Composed of institutions and other forces.
 - 2) Does not affect the society's basic values.
 - 3) Composed of funds only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 16) The standard of living is indicated by:
 - 1) + GDP.
 - 2) Population of the city.
 - 3) Population of the village.
 - 4) None of them.
- 17) The strategy and policy are the guide lines for:
 - 1) Management.
 - 2) + Planning.
 - 3) Controlling.
 - 4) None of them.
- 18) The key demographic means:
 - 1) More resources.
 - 2) Short resources.
 - 3) History population shifts.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 19) The objectives in marketing plans are:
 - 1) + Financial objectives.
 - 2) Technical objectives only.
 - 3) Local objectives.



- 4) None of them.
- 20) The project objectives are:
 - 1) Vision.
 - 2) Mission.
 - 3) Bench marking.
 - 4) + Active performance.
- 21) The feasibility analysis means:
 - 1) + Testing an opportunity.
 - 2) Orientation of the value chain.
 - 3) To complete the flow chart.
 - 4) None of them.
- 22) The feasibility study concerns with:
 - 1) The technical solutions only.
 - 2) The technical obstacles.
 - 3) + The analysis of the viability of an idea.
 - 4) None of them.
- 23) The project evaluation flow chart describes:
 - 1) Technical materials.
 - 2) + Primary and secondary field surveys.
 - 3) Building capacity.
 - 4) None of them.
- 24) The analysis of the variance is:
 - 1) Higher head variance.
 - 2) People variance.
 - 3) + Material variance.
 - 4) None of them.
- 25) Any methodology is:
 - 1) A set of steps for technical problems.
 - 2) + A set of steps for a particular situation.
 - 3) A set of steps for non-technical problems.
 - 4) None of them.
- 26) The sources of new products are:
 - 1) External development.
 - 2) Internal development.
 - 3) + Collaborative venture.
 - 4) None of them.
- 27) The business analysis can be selected as:
 - 1) The stage of old development process that calls preparing final marketing plans.
 - 2) + The stage of the new development process that calls for preparing initial marketing plans.
 - 3) The certain enhancement in the model.
 - 4) None of them.
- 28) The functions of micro, small and medium enterprises are:
 - 1) Facilitation and credit flow.
 - 2) + Improving manufacturing base through upgradation of technology.
 - 3) Marketing analysis only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 29) The design thinking means:
 - 1) + The capacity for integrative thinking.
 - 2) The capacity for serious thinking.



- 3) The capacity for technical thinking only.
- 4) None of them.
- 30) The communication key elements are:
 - 1) Messages only.
 - 2) Sources only.
 - 3) + Messages and feedback only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 31) The importance of any training is:
 - 1) To provide technical information only.
 - 2) To provide support for new employees.
 - 3) + To achieve high service standards.
 - 4) None of them.
- 32) For measuring any plan progress, the entrepreneurs:
 - 1) Should check the loss statement.
 - 2) Should check the profit.
 - 3) Should check the disbursement of the year.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 33) The test marketing means:
 - 1) It is the starting phase of any project.
 - 2) It is the ending phase of any project.
 - 3) + It is the stage at which the product and marketing programs are introduced.
 - 4) None of them.
- 34) The concept of the social enterprise is:
 - 1) + To solve education problems.
 - 2) To solve house problems.
 - 3) To solve human resource problems.
 - 4) None of them.
- Another goal for human resource manager is promoting the personal growth and development of its employees by offering:
 - 1) Education only.
 - 2) + Skills training.
 - 3) Career development only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 36) The innovation is defined as:
 - 1) The process of ideas to be exploited.
 - 2) + The process by which new ideas are exploited.
 - 3) The process of thinking only.
 - 4) None of them.
- 37) What is a communication?
 - 1) It is defined as the process by which people share ideas only.
 - 2) + It is defined as the process by which people share ideas, experiences and knowledges only.
 - 3) It is defined as the latest phenomenon.
 - 4) None of them.
- 38) The social enterprise is defined as:
 - 1) An organization that applies local strategy.
 - 2) An organization that applies optimal strategy.
 - 3) + An organization that applies commercial strategy.
 - 4) None of them.
- 39) The new product development process includes:



- 1) The business analysis only.
- 2) The product creation only.
- 3) + The business analysis and the product development.
- 4) None of them.
- 40) The main characteristics of any entrepreneur:
 - 1) + A vision-oriented person.
 - 2) Has a low performance in achievement.
 - 3) Has a high performance in achievement.
 - 4) None of them.
- 41) The reasons for the entrepreneurship are:
 - 1) Entrepreneurs develop their own phenomenon.
 - 2) Many entrepreneurs run faculty business.
 - 3) Many entrepreneurs disturb the economy to create jobs.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 42) The contingency funds are described as:
 - 1) The funds in old projects.
 - 2) The funds at the end of the project.
 - 3) The funds at the middle of the project.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 43) The main steps in managing a project are:
 - 1) + Define the problems and develop solutions.
 - 2) Execute the plan only.
 - 3) Control the progress randomly.
 - 4) None of them.
- 44) Why some business plans fail?
 - 1) + Goals set by the entrepreneurs are unreasonable.
 - 2) Goals are measurable.
 - 3) Goals are optimistic.
 - 4) None of them.
- 45) The term (SBA) is known as:
 - 1) Straight body administration.
 - 2) + Small business administration.
 - 3) Spirit body administration.
 - 4) None of them.
- 46) The importance of a business plan is:
 - 1) To guide the entrepreneur through the last year of operation.
 - 2) To end the contingency fund.
 - 3) To initiate the whole plan.
 - 4) + None of them.
- 47) An entrepreneur is a person who:
 - 1) Shares the opportunity.
 - 2) + Manages the work.
 - 3) Disturbs the risks.
 - 4) None of them.
- 48) The case of business linkages is:
 - 1) + Create jobs.
 - 2) Avoids inward investment.
 - 3) Disturbs the supplier base.
 - 4) None of them.



- 49) The entrepreneurship is the creation of:
 - 1) + Human resources.
 - 2) Faculties.
 - 3) Universities.
 - 4) None of them.
- 50) The basic areas of finance are:
 - 1) + Corporate finance.
 - 2) Financial schools.
 - 3) Local finance.
 - 4) None of them.