

قائمة الاسئلة

(60) الامتحان درجة -الثالثة الفترة - اللغات - الدراسية الأنظمة جميع - الانجليزية اللغة قسم- الرابع المستوى -(4201) - n Critical Approaches

- 1) New critics concentrate on -----, on the study of form, design and texture of poetry.
 - 1) + close textual study
 - 2) poetical study
 - 3) study of novels
- 2) Mathew Arnold tradition of -----
 - 1) Scientific and textual study
 - 2) Abstract and summary
 - 3) + Intellectual and abstract
- 3) One of the greatest of the Imagist poets is ------
 - 1) + Amy Lowell
 - 2) T.E.Hulme
 - 3) Mathew Arnorld
- 4) The New Humanists or the -----
 - 1) Classism
 - 2) Criticism
 - 3) + Neo-Classicists
- 5) The past is dead and the future can be look after ------
 - 1) theme
 - 2) + itself
 - 3) sole
- 6) Veritism is the result of passion for truth and individual expression caused by observation of ------
 - 1) imagism
 - 2) + the verities
 - 3) Hamlin Garland
- 7) Famous Novelist is another great critic who did much for the cause of realism is ------
 - 1) T.E.Hulme
 - 2) + Henry James
 - 3) J.P.Richard
- 8) W.D Howells who wrote regualry as an editor working in -----
 - 1) America island
 - 2) + Harper's Magazine
 - 3) English Magazine
- 9) An ideal critic is judicial and to the extent of his knowledge just, nature and function of -----
 - 1) Herberd Read
 - 2) Johnson
 - 3) + W.D.Howells
- 10) Archetypal criticsm is the matter of fact is a branch of -----
 - 1) + Psychological criticism
 - 2) Sociological Criticism
 - 3) Religious criticism
- 11) Textual or ----- Approach
 - 1) Sociological
 - 2) Marxist
 - 3) + Ontological
- 12) Descriptive criticism is the analysis of existing -----works

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- 1) Judicial
- 2) + literary
- 3) Impressionism
- 13) Biographical criticism seeks to evaluate a work on the basis of the facts of the life of its ------
 - 1) + author
 - 2) family
 - 3) friends
- 14) Evaluative criticism is criticism which is concerned with the assessment or ------
 - 1) + evaluation
 - 2) emergination
 - 3) comparison
- 15) The famous critic in Judicial criticism is ------
 - 1) + Dr. Johnson
 - 2) Dr. Thomson
 - 3) I.A.Richards
- 16) The critics sought to teach writers how to write and laid down canons is ----- type of criticism
 -) + Legislative Approach
 - 2) Judicial Approach
 - 3) Evaluative Approach
- 17) The symbolic approach is try to discover ----- meaning and significances.
 - 1) + hidden
 - 2) surface
 - 3) themes
- 18) After the world war 11 the most potent single influence was that of the ------
 - 1) Approaches
 - 2) + New critics
 - 3) Interpretation
- 19) The famous Psychological critic is -----
 - 1) Herbert Read
 - 2) + I.A.Richards
 - 3) Benedetto George
- 20) Expressionism is the -----theory
 - 1) French
 - 2) + Italian
 - 3) English
- 21) Foreign Influence started after -----
 - 1) World war 111
 - 2) World war 11
 - 3) + World war1
- 22) Marx theory is based on -----
 - 1) Civilization
 - 2) + Class struggle
 - 3) Racism
- 23) Religious ,classical and tragic is the point of view of -----
 - 1) + T.E.Hulme
 - 2) Richards
 - 3) Johnson
- 24) Academic criticism is ----- of originality
 - 1) more

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- 2) + lack
- 3) lost
- 25) Man is imperfect and -----
 - 1) Complete
 - 2) Universal
 - 3) + finite
- 26) Chief trends of 20th century -----
 - 1) + Psychology and sociology
 - 2) Intellectual and abstract
 - 3) Aesthetic and Impressionism
- 27) One of the chief trends of criticism is -----
 - 1) poetry
 - 2) + economics
 - 3) novel
- 28) Psychological theories were used for an analysis and interepretation of past writiers and their ------
 - 1) life
 - 2) time
 - 3) + works
- 29) The approach which seeks to pronounce judgment on a work is ------
 - 1) Legislative Approach
 - 2) sociological Approach
 - 3) + Judicial Approach
- 30) Historical criticism views a work of art against the background of the age in which it was ------
 - 1) Judgement
 - 2) + written
 - 3) famous