



قائمة الأسئلة

امتحان نهاية الفصل الدراسي الأول - للعام الجامعي 1446 هـ - كلية العلوم :: برمجة متقدمة - (124102) - المستوى الرابع - تخصص رياضي
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1) Which type of Programming does Python support?

- 1) - a) object-oriented programming
- 2) - b) structured programming
- 3) - c) functional programming
- 4) + d) all of the mentioned

2) Is Python case sensitive when dealing with identifiers?

- 1) - a) no
- 2) + b) yes
- 3) - c) machine dependent
- 4) - d) none of the mentioned

3) Which of the following is the correct extension of the Python file?

- 1) - a) .python
- 2) - b) .pl
- 3) + c) .py
- 4) - d) .p

4) Is Python code compiled or interpreted?

- 1) + a) Python code is both compiled and interpreted
- 2) - b) Python code is neither compiled nor interpreted
- 3) - c) Python code is only compiled
- 4) - d) Python code is only interpreted

5) Which keyword is used for function in Python language?

- 1) - a) Function
- 2) + b) def
- 3) - c) Fun
- 4) - d) Define

6) What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 1
while True:
    if i%3 == 0:
        break
    print(i)
```

i += 1

- 1) - a) 1 2 3
- 2) + b) error
- 3) - c) 1 2
- 4) - d) none of the mentioned

7) Python supports the creation of anonymous functions at runtime, using a construct called _____

- 1) - a) pi
- 2) - b) anonymous
- 3) + c) lambda
- 4) - d) none of the mentioned

8) Which of the following is not a core data type in Python programming?

- 1) - a) Tuples
- 2) - b) Lists
- 3) + c) Class





- 4) - d) Dictionary
- 9) What will be the output of the following Python function?
`len(["hello",2, 4, 6])`
- 1) - a) Error
2) - b) 6
3) + c) 4
4) - d) 3
- 10) What will be the output of the following Python code snippet?
`for i in [1, 2, 3, 4][::-1]:
 print(i, end=' ')`
- 1) + a) 4 3 2 1
2) - b) error
3) - c) 1 2 3 4
4) - d) none of the mentioned
- 11) What will be the output of the following Python code?
`x = 'abcd'
for i in range(len(x)):
 print(i)`
- 1) - a) error
2) - b) 1 2 3 4
3) - c) a b c d
4) + d) 0 1 2 3
- 12) What are the two main types of functions in Python?
1) - a) System function
2) - b) Custom function
3) + c) Built-in function & User defined function
4) - d) User function
- 13) Which of the following is a Python tuple?
1) - a) {1, 2, 3}
2) - b) {}
3) - c) [1, 2, 3]
4) + d) (1, 2, 3)
- 14) What is output of `print(math.pow(3, 2))`?
1) + a) 9.0
2) - b) None
3) - c) 9
4) - d) None of the mentioned
- 15) What will be the output of the following Python code?
`i = 1
while True:
 if i%0O7 == 0:
 break
 print(i)
 i += 1`
- 1) + a) 1 2 3 4 5 6
2) - b) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
3) - c) error
4) - d) none of the mentioned
- 16) What will be the output of the following Python code?





```
x = "abcdef"  
i = "a"  
while i in x:  
    print(i, end = " ")  
1) - a) no output  
2) - b) i i i i i ...  
3) + c) a a a a a a ...  
4) - d) a b c d e f
```

- 17) Which of the following is the use of function in python?
- 1) + a) Functions are reusable pieces of programs
2) - b) Functions don't provide better modularity for your application
3) - c) you can't also create your own functions
4) - d) All of the mentioned
- 18) What is a variable defined outside a function referred to as?
- 1) - a) A static variable
2) + b) A global variable
3) - c) A local variable
4) - d) An automatic variable

- 19) What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
def a(b):  
    b = b + [5]
```

```
c = [1, 2, 3, 4]  
a(c)  
print(len(c))
```

1) + a) 4
2) - b) 5
3) - c) 1
4) - d) An exception is thrown

- 20) What will be the output of the following Python code snippet?

```
d = {"john":40, "peter":45}  
print(d)
```

1) - a) “john”, 40, “peter”, 45
2) + b) {‘john’: 40, ‘peter’: 45}
3) - c) 40 and 45
4) - d) d = (40:”john”, 45:”peter”)

- 21) What will be the output of the following Python code snippet?

```
d = {"john":40, "peter":45}  
d["john"]
```

1) + a) 40
2) - b) 45
3) - c) “john”
4) - d) “peter”

- 22) Suppose d = {“john”:40, “peter”:45}, to delete the entry for “john” what command do we use?
- 1) - a) d.delete(“john”:40)
2) - b) d.delete(“john”)
3) + c) del d[“john”]
4) - d) del d(“john”:40)

- 23) _____ represents an entity in the real world with its identity and behaviour.





- 1) - a) A method
2) + b) An object
3) - c) A class
4) - d) An operator

24) _____ is used to create an object.

- 1) - a) class
2) + b) constructor
3) - c) User-defined functions
4) - d) In-built functions

25) What will be the output of the following Python statement?

>>>"abcd"[2:]

- 1) - a) a
2) - b) ab
3) + c) cd
4) - d) dc

26) What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
class A():  
    def disp(self):  
        print("A disp()")  
class B(A):  
    pass  
obj = B()  
obj.disp()
```

- 1) - a) Invalid syntax for inheritance
2) - b) Error because when object is created, argument must be passed
3) - c) Nothing is printed
4) + d) A disp()

27) What type of inheritance is illustrated in the following Python code?

```
class A():  
    pass  
class B():  
    pass  
class C(A,B):  
    pass
```

- 1) - a) Multi-level inheritance
2) + b) Multiple inheritance
3) - c) Hierarchical inheritance
4) - d) Single-level inheritance

28) Which of the following is invalid?

- 1) - a) _a = 1
2) - b) __a = 1
3) - c) __str__ = 1
4) + d) none of the mentioned

29) Given a function that does not return any value, What value is thrown by default when executed in shell.

- 1) - a) int
2) - b) bool
3) - c) void
4) + d) None

30) What will be the output of the following Python code?





```
>>>str="hello"
>>>str[:2]
>>>
1) + a) he
2) - b) lo
3) - c) olleh
4) - d) hello
```

