

قائمة الاسئلة 4:55 24-05-2025

اسعافات اوليه - كلية الصيدلة -المستوى الثالث-درجة الامتحان (50)

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- 1) Venous bleeding can be pervented easly.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 2) External bleeding is very serious than internal bleeding.
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 3) Arterial bleeding is usually dark red color.
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 4) The ingested poisons are the poisons that are breath in
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 5) The second degree burns if infected require skin grafting to heal
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 6) The lower limbs bleeding can be prevented by pressure point on femoral artery.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 7) Bleeding from the face can be prevented by pressure point on ulnar artery.
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 8) The respiratory rate in adult at bed rest is ranged between 20 35/ minute
 - TRUE
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 9) Sizures occur as a result of brain tumor.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 10) Anaphylactic shock may occurs as a result of bacteria.
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 11) Injected poisons are the poisons that are inserted through the skin
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 12) Cardiogenic shock occurs as a result of myocardial infarction.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 13) Respiration is the process of inspiration and expiration.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- Obstruction by foreign objects or materials is most commonly seen with adult concsiou patient.
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 15) The chest thrusts is a method used to remove foreign objects from an airway with pregnant woman in the late stage of pregnancy.
 - 1) + TRUE.

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- FALSE.
- 16) Bleeding from arm & shoulder can be prevented by pressure point on subclavian artery.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 17) Non-Insulin dependent diabetes mellitus usually begins in childhood age
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 18) Abuse or withdrawal of drugs or alcohol can cause seizures
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 19) Hypoglycemia occurs as a result of the inability of pancreas to produce enough insulin.
 - 1) TRUE.
 - 2) + FALSE.
- 20) Direct force or pressure can fracture a bone at the point of contact.
 - 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) FALSE.
- 21) Hypovolemic shock occurs as a result of the following:
 - 1) + Loss of blood
 - 2) Myocardial infarction
 - 3) Allergic reaction
 - 4) Bacteria
- 22) Cardiogenic shock occurs as a result of the following:
 - 1) Bacteria
 - 2) Allergic reaction
 - 3) Loss of blood
 - 4) + Myocardial infarction
- 23) The second degree burns can be characterized by the following except one:
 - 1) Painful
 - 2) Blisters
 - 3) + Generally require 1-3 days to heal without appropriate care
 - 4) Swollen
- 24) The causes of bleeding include the following except one
 - 1) Rptured organs
 - 2) Crushing injuries
 - 3) Ulcer bleeding
 - 4) + Constipation
- 25) The bleeding from the head can be prevented by pressure point on
 - 1) Femoral artery
 - 2) Facial artery
 - 3) + Temporal artery
 - 4) Radial artery
- 26) The bleeding from the face can be prevented by pressure point on
 - 1) Femoral artery
 - 2) + Facial artery
 - 3) Subclavian artery
 - 4) Ulner artery
- 27) The signs and symptoms of Fractures include :
 - 1) Tenderness and pain
 - 2) Deformity of a limb

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- 3) Loss of distal pulse
- 4) + All of above
- 28) The reasons for splinting include the following except one:
 - 1) + To move the injured extremity
 - 2) To prevent or reduce the pain
 - 3) To prevent damage to soft tissues
 - 4) To prevent bleeding
- 29) Patient care with snakebites :include the following except one
 - 1) Keep the patient calm
 - 2) + Move the bitten extremities
 - 3) Locate the fang marks and clean this site with soap and water
 - 4) Apply a light constricting band above and below the wound
- 30) Patient care with complete airway obstruction: include the following:
 - 1) Open the airway
 - 2) Provide artificial ventilations for unconscious, nonbreathing patient.
 - 3) Remove any foreign object
 - 4) + All of above
- 31) The signs of internal bleeding include the following except one
 - 1) Wound that have penetrated the skull
 - 2) + Hypertension
 - 3) Vomiting or coughing up blood
 - 4) Abdominal tenderness & rigidity
- 32) Patient care for absorbed poisons include the following except one::
 - 1) Move the patient from the source of the poison or source from patient
 - 2) + Dry chemicals should be wash directly by soap and water
 - 3) Remove all contaminated clothing
 - 4) Be on the alert for anaphylactic shock
- 33) The patient care with ingested poisons include the following except one:
 - 1) + Give anything by mouth if the patient is having a seizure
 - 2) Maintain an open airway and transport immediately to the center or hospital.
 - For conscious patient's, dilute the poison by having the patient drink are two glasses of water or milk
 - 4) Position the conscious patient in semi recumbent position
- 34) The inhaled poisons include the following except one
 - 1) Car exhaust
 - 2) Burning stoves & furnaces
 - 3) + Improper prepared food
 - 4) Insect sprays
- 35) The first degree burns can be characterized by the following except one
 - 1) Painful
 - 2) Red in color
 - 3) Swollen
 - 4) + Heal within 1-2 week without of appropriate care
- 36) Septic shock occurs as a result of the following
 - 1) Loss of blood
 - 2) Myocardial infarction
 - 3) Allergic reaction
 - 4) + Bacteria
- 37) Anaphylactic shock occurs as a result of the following:



- 1) Bacteria
- 2) + Allergic reaction
- 3) Loss of blood
- 4) Myocardial infarction
- 38) The signs & symptoms of insects bites include except one:
 - 1) Noticeable stings or bites on the skin
 - 2) Localized pain or itching
 - 3) Numbness in a limb or body part
 - 4) + Normal breathing & pulse
- 39) Hyperglycemia occurs as a result of the following except one:
 - 1) Patient has not taken enough insulin
 - 2) + Patient takes too much insulin
 - 3) Patient has forgotten to take his insulin
 - 4) Patient has overeaten
- 40) The causes of siezures include the following:
 - 1) Brain tumor
 - 2) Head injuries
 - 3) High fever in children
 - 4) + All of above