

قائمة الاسئلة

امتحان نهاية الفصل الدراسي الأول - للعام الجامعي 1446 هـ - كلية البترول والموارد الطبيعية :: هندسة إنتاج النفط - (305 PNGE)- المستو المعبد المستو الكامل المعامل الكامل المستود على الكامل الكامل المستود على المستو

- 1) How can do we minimizing a production decline?
 - 1) + through artificial lifts
 - 2) natural flow
 - 3) drilling
- 2) Determine the main objective of completing the well is:
 - 1) Maximum recovery of oil and gas production.
 - 2) less cost
 - 3) safe way
 - 4) + all of the above
- 3) Which one of the following considered as convential completion?
 - 1) + Open hole completion.
 - 2) multi completion with real time pressure recording
 - 3) multi- completion with downhome control equipment.
 - 4) none of the above
- 4) the drive mechanism that provide natural energy necessary for oil recovery are the next:
 - 1) gas cap drive.
 - 2) water drive.
 - 3) slution gas drive.
 - 4) combination drive
 - 5) garvety drinage drive
 - 6) + all of the above
- 5) Which of the following using as primary barriers in the drilling?
 - 1) + Bop
 - 2) High pressure
 - 3) overbalance mud capable of building a filter cake.
 - 4) none of the above
- 6) In which situation open hole completion is preferred?
 - 1) pay zone is thin.
 - 2) + In the hard formation.
 - 3) formation fluid is gas.
- 7) What is the main advantage of openhole completion?
 - 1) Decrease formation damage
 - 2) No need for well cleanout
 - 3) + Easily converted to liner or perforated completions
- 8) What is the main disadvantage of openhole completion?
 - 1) Excessive gas or water production from stringers difficult to
 - 2) Control.
 - 3) Selective fracing or acidizing more difficult.
 - 4) May require frequent cleanout.
 - 5) + all of the above
- 9) What is the main objective of slotede liner completion in the following?
 - 1) + Minimum formation damage
 - 2) Excessive water/gas can be controlled
 - 3) Selective stimulation possible
 - 4) can easily be deepened
 - 5) all of the above

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- 10) One of the primary barrier during the pulling of the BOP from the well is following:
 - 1) casing
 - 2) + packer and tubing
 - 3) well head and tubing hanger
 - 4) all of the above
- 11) When Tubingless completion should be proposed?
 - 1) + High production rates are required
 - 2) High surface pressure are required
 - 3) low production rates are required
 - 4) none of the above
- 12) What is the limitation of using multiple string completion?
 - 1) packers cannot be used.
 - 2) cannot produced oil and gas from the same well.
 - 3) + Limited tubing size may restrict production.
- 13) The Completion type that allows more than one zone to produce from one tubing is:
 - 1) + commingled completion
 - 2) sequential zonal completion
 - 3) multi-zon completion
 - 4) all of the above
- 14) The completion type that deplete pay zones in a well one after one is
 - 1) commingled completion
 - 2) multi-zone completion
 - 3) + sequential zonal completion
 - 4) none of the above
- 15) What do we mean by the productivity index?
 - 1) it is a releation between the pressure an tempreture.
 - 2) + it is a releation between the Q production rate and pressure.
 - 3) it is a releation between the pressure an time.
- 16) The completion type that allows more than one zone to produced from tubing string and anulas are the following:
 - 1) commingled completion
 - 2) singal string multi-zone completion
 - 3) multi-zone completion
 - 4) + daul completion.
- 17) Whne we need the artificial lift system?
 - 1) if the reservoir pressure is low
 - 2) if the main drive mechanism water
 - 3) during secondary recovery
 - 4) + all the above
- 18) The production well parameters are the next:
 - 1) High volume LIQUID over 1000 BBLS/day
 - 2) low liquid volume under 500 bbls/day
 - 3) + all of the above
- 19) All of the following are the functional of production packers except:
 - 1) casing protection.
 - 2) + zone isolation
 - 3) Separation of multiple zones
 - 4) all of above
- 20) The main reason for using the gas lift system is:



- to be back the well production.
- 2) to be dropes the pressure in the production tubing.
- 3) to reduce the gas bubles in the tubing.
- 21) Which of the following equipment is used to control well pressure?
 - 1) cristmas tree
 - 2) downhole safety valve
 - 3) surface safety valve
 - 4) + all of the above
- 22) If sand production is notcid in a well, what should be the temperary solution to reduce it?
 - 1) + decrease production rate
 - 2) increase production rate
 - 3) install sand screen
 - 4) all of the above
- 23) If sand production is notcid in a well, what should be the permanent solution to reduce it?
 - 1) decrease production rate
 - 2) increase production rate
 - 3) + install sand screen
 - 4) all of the above
- 24) The completion designer need to the next information:
 - 1) fluid properties
 - 2) rock characteristics
 - 3) reservoir presure
 - 4) + all of the above
- 25) The well completion operations include:
 - 1) production packer
 - 2) Xmas tree installation
 - 3) Tubing (completion) string
 - 4) + all of the above
- 26) The advantages of perforeted liner is:
 - 1) Log interpretation is critical
 - 2) Reduced well bore diameter
 - 3) + to continue production with out sand or formation damage
 - 4) none of the above
- 27) Whie we are using the cased hole completion?
 - 1) hared reservoir rock.
 - 2) in the carbonate rock.
 - 3) + in the sandstone reservoir.
 - 4) all of the above
- 28) Which of the following considre artificial lift?
 - 1) gas lift system
 - 2) ESP
 - 3) Rod pump
 - 4) + all of the above
- 29) What is the main equepment of the gas lift?
 - 1) gas compressor.
 - 2) valves.
 - 3) spicial tubing.
 - 4) + all of the above.
- 30) Whne do we used the horizontal oil and gas well?



- 1) to increase the oil recovery
- 2) to icrease production fro the thin formation
- 3) formation that have naturaly fracture
- 4) + all of the above
- 31) The gathering system consist of the following?
 - 1) wellhead
 - 2) flowline
 - 3) seperator
 - 4) + all of the above
- 32) production system consist of the nex except one:
 - 1) surface facilities
 - 2) reservoir
 - 3) + transformer
 - 4) wellbore
- 33) Which of the following uses as secondary barrier for the drilling?
 - 1) casing /wellhead and bop
 - 2) high pressure
 - 3) + over balanced mud building filters cake
- 34) Inflow performance is the determination of the following:
 - 1) + production -related pressure.
 - 2) resrvoir complation.
 - 3) different resrvoir pressure.
 - 4) to minimize production decline.
- 35) Is the Completion interface between the reservoir and surface production?
 - 1) + 1
 - 2) 0
- 36) Does the well Compleion always has tubing?
 - 1) 1
 - 2) + 0
- 37) What is the secondary Barrier if the well operating naturally flowing:
 - 1) + down hole safety valve.
 - 2) wellhead and choke valve.
 - 3) packer.
 - 4) SSSV.
- 38) Why do we prfereted the oil and gas well?
 - 1) more productions
 - 2) + establish effective flow communication between the wellbore and the formation
 - 3) obtain clean
 - 4) all of the above
- 39) When we are going to drilled horizontal oil well?
 - 1) + in the fracture basement reservoir
 - 2) in the reservoir
 - 3) in the sandstone reservoir
- 40) What are the application of the production packers?
 - 1) casing protection
 - 2) separation of multiple zones
 - 3) zone isolation
 - 4) + all the above
- 41) The production packer devided into permanent and retrievable:



- 1) + 1
- 2) 0
- 42) The gas and water coning is a term used to describe the movement of water and gas to the welbore:
 - 1) + 1
 - 2) 0
- 43) What is the reason for the coning:
 - 1) water movment.
 - 2) bad cement behind the casing.
 - 3) good permeability.
 - 4) + all of the above
- 44) How can minimize the water and gas coning?
 - 1) select perfect places for new perforation.
 - 2) go to another formation.
 - 3) re completion.
 - 4) + to produce by the optimum rate.
- 45) How can do we produce the heavy oil from the reservoir?
 - 1) natural flow
 - 2) + artificial lift (cavitation pump)
 - 3) jet pump
 - 4) hydroilc pump
- 46) Sloted liner used to prevent the next:
 - 1) control of single interval.
 - 2) + prevent hole collapse.
 - 3) formation damage.
 - 4) none of the above
- 47) What is the DST of oil and gas well test?
 - 1) + it is a temporary test by drilling equipment
 - 2) it is atype of completion
 - 3) it's a new well
- 48) DST test it is the first test after drill the exploration oil well:
 - 1) + 1
 - 2) 0
- 49) The gathering system consists of the following:
 - 1) flowline
 - 2) manifolds
 - 3) test separator
 - 4) + all the above
- 50) The surface facilities designed to separate oil and gas, water and impurities:
 - 1) + 1
 - 2) 0