



قائمة الاسئلة

تشريح بيطري 1 - (ANT231)- المستوى الأول -قسم طب بيطري - النظام الدراسي :- - الطب البيطري - الفترة الأولى- درجة الامتحان (50)

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- 1) Degree of fusion of sacral v. Complete fusion in
 - 1) - Horse
 - 2) - Dog
 - 3) + Ox
 - 4) - Camel
- 2) Metacarpal bones III, IV are fused in
 - 1) + Camel
 - 2) - Dog
 - 3) - Ox
 - 4) - Horse
- 3) Acromion process of scapula Present in:
 - 1) + Ox, sheep and Camel
 - 2) - Horse and Ox
 - 3) - Camel and Pig
 - 4) - Dog and Horse
- 4) Digestive system of the Fowl
 - 1) + Absence of teeth and soft palate
 - 2) - Present teeth and soft palate
 - 3) - Absence of teeth, horny beak and soft palate
 - 4) - Present teeth, horny beak and soft palate
- 5) The stomach of the birds consists of:
 - 1) - Gizzard
 - 2) - Proventriculus
 - 3) - Gizzard and corp
 - 4) + glandular stomach (Proventriculus) and the muscular stomach (Gizzard).
- 6) In adult avian the air sacs are:
 - 1) - there are 10
 - 2) + there are 8
 - 3) - there are 9
 - 4) - there are 8 pair
- 7) Study of developmental anatomy, covering the period from conception (fertilization of the egg) to birth its-
 - 1) + Embryology
 - 2) - Microscopic anatomy
 - 3) - Functional anatomy
 - 4) - ultrastructural cytology
- 8) A plane passing through the body to divide the body into equal right and left halves
 - 1) + median plane
 - 2) - horizontal plane
 - 3) - sagittal plane
 - 4) - . transverse plane.
- 9) The antonym it means away from the median plane its:-
 - 1) + Lateral
 - 2) - Medial
 - 3) - Dorsal
 - 4) - Ventral





- 10) Sub-pubic groove of the Pubis bones are present in
- 1) Horse
 - 2) Ox
 - 3) Camel
 - 4) Dog
- 11) Iliac crest (of the Os Coxae bones) cranial border is convex and thick in
- 1) Camel
 - 2) Dog
 - 3) Ox
 - 4) Horse
- 12) Os diaphragmaticus in
- 1) Ox
 - 2) horse
 - 3) Camel
 - 4) Dog
- 13) Ratio between supra and infraspinous fossa 1:2 in
- 1) Dog
 - 2) Camel
 - 3) Ox
 - 4) Horse
- 14) Science, which study of the form and relationships (relative positions) of the structures of the body that can be seen with the aided eye dealing with:
- 1) gross (macroscopic) anatomy.
 - 2) microscopic anatomy
 - 3) Comparative anatomy
 - 4) Functional anatomy
- 15) They present similar dimensions
- 1) Short bones
 - 2) .Long bones
 - 3) Flat bones
 - 4) Irregular bones
- 16) Axial skeleton contains:
- 1) Skull, Ribs, Vertebrae and Sternum
 - 2) limbs
 - 3) Os-penis in dog, Os-cordis in Ox, Os diaphragmaticus in camel
 - 4) Thoracic limb
- 17) Absence of the spinous processes and body
- 1) atlas
 - 2) Axis
 - 3) Lumbar
 - 4) Sacral
- 18) The transverse F. of the atlas is absent in
- 1) Ox
 - 2) Dog
 - 3) Camel
 - 4) Horse
- 19) Trochanter it is:
- 1) an articular eminence, somewhat cylindrical in shape
 - 2) a pointed projection





- 3) the largest non articular prominence
- 4) large rounded non articular projection
- 20) The lateral vertebral F of axis is present and oval shape in
- 1) Horse
- 2) Dog
- 3) Came
- 4) Ox
- 21) The Transverse process is single and transverse foramen is absent
- 1) 7th Cervical vertebrae in horse
- 2) 6th Cervical vertebrae of horse
- 3) 3th Cervical vertebrae in horse
- 4) 7th Cervical vertebrae in dog
- 22) Anticlinal vertebrae in camel is...
- 1) 16th – cranial & transverse costal facets are fused
- 2) 13th (last) – summit is bifid
- 3) 12th (last)
- 4) lumber
- 23) intervertebral foramen of lumber is double in
- 1) Ox
- 2) Camel
- 3) Horse
- 4) Dog
- 24) Forms the caudal part of the floor of the pelvis
- 1) Ilium
- 2) Ischium
- 3) Pubis
- 4) Os coxae
- 25) Single Bones of the cranium are :-
- 1) Occipital, Sphenoid, Ethmoid
- 2) Sphenoid, Ethmoid
- 3) Vomer, Mandible, Hyoid
- 4) Parietal, Interparietal, Frontal, Temporal
- 26) Paired Bones of the face and palate are :-
- 1) Maxilla, Premaxilla, Nasal, Lacrimal, Zygomatic, Palatine, pterygoid, Dorsal turbinate, Ventral turbinate
- 2) Parietal, Interparietal, Frontal, Temporal
- 3) Vomer, Mandible, Hyoid
- 4) Parietal, Frontal, Interparietal, Temporal
- 27) Found in between the ischium and pubis its
- 1) obturator foramen
- 2) acetabulum
- 3) Ilio-pectineal line
- 4) Gluteal line
- 28) Supraorbital F. is usually double and situated about 2.5 cm medial to the root of the supraorbital in:-
- 1) Ox
- 2) sheep
- 3) dog
- 4) camel
- 29) Interosseous space One (proximal) of the Radius and ulna in





- 1) - camel
 - 2) - dog
 - 3) - ox
 - 4) + horse
- 30) The ulna is Separated from the radius and longer than it in
- 1) + do
 - 2) - ox
 - 3) - camel
 - 4) - horse

