



قائمة الاسئلة

امتحان نهاية الفصل الدراسي الثاني - للعام الجامعي 1446 هـ - الموافق 2024/2025 مـ كلية الحاسوب وتكنولوجيا المعلومات :: هيكل البيانات
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- 1) What is the time complexity of searching for an element in a binary search tree?
 - 1) - A) $O(1)$
 - 2) + B) $O(\log n)$
 - 3) - C) $O(n)$
 - 4) - D) $O(n \log n)$
- 2) The circular queue is considered full when:
 - 1) - Front == size
 - 2) - Rear == Front
 - 3) + Count == size
 - 4) - Rear == size - 1
- 3) What is the value of the postfix expression $4\ 5\ 6\ * + 2\ - ?$
 - 1) - 14
 - 2) - 20
 - 3) + 32
 - 4) - 18
- 4) The postfix form of the expression $(M + N) * (P - Q)$ is?
 - 1) - $+M\ N\ * P\ Q\ -$
 - 2) - $MN\ + PQ\ -$
 - 3) + $M\ N\ + P\ Q\ - *\mathbf{}$
 - 4) - $+M\ N\ * -P\ Q$
- 5) What is the time complexity of merging two sorted linked lists?
 - 1) - $O(n \log n)$
 - 2) - $O(1)$
 - 3) + $O(n)$
 - 4) - $O(\log n)$
- 6) The prefix form of the expression $A + ((B / C) * (D - A))$ is?.
 - 1) - $A/ *^BC^-DAFH$
 - 2) + $+ A * / B C - D A$
 - 3) - $+ A /* B C - D A$
 - 4) - $+ A * B -C * D A$
- 7) What is the time complexity of displaying single linked list in reverse order?
 - 1) - $O(n \log n)$
 - 2) - $O(1)$
 - 3) + $O(n)$
 - 4) - $O(\log n)$
- 8) The five items: A, B, C, D, and E are pushed in a stack, one after other starting from A. The stack is popped four items and each element is inserted in a queue. The two elements are deleted from the queue and pushed back on the stack. Now one item is popped from the stack. The popped item is
 - 1) - C
 - 2) - E
 - 3) - A
 - 4) + D
- 9) In the worst case, the number of comparisons needed to find the duplicated nodes in a single linked list of length n is
 - 1) + N^2





- 2) - Logn
3) - n/2
4) - logn-1
- 10) Time complexity of given function q10.png is

$$f(N) = N \log N + N \log (N^2)$$

- 1) - O(N)
2) + O(N log N)
3) - O(log N)
4) - Answer9.png
- 11) Time complexity of given function $f(N) = N + \log N + N/2$ is

- 1) + O(N)
2) - O(N log N)
3) - O(log N)
4) - O (N/2)

- 12) which of the following data structure round robin algorithm used?
- 1) - Linear queue
2) + circle queue
3) - double ended queue
4) - None of the above

- 13) What is the information, which a linkedlists node must store?
- 1) - A)The address of the next node if it exists
2) - B)The value of current node
3) + c)Both(A) and (B)
4) - D)None of the above

- 14) Time complexity for following equation is q14.png
- int f2(int N)

```
{  
int x = 0;  
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)  
for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)  
x++;  
return x;  
}
```

- 1) + O(N*M)
2) - O(n)
3) - O(logn)
4) - None of the above
- 15) Time complexity of given function q21.png is

$$f(N) = (N^2 + N) / N$$

- 1) - O(1)
2) + O(n)
3) - **N²**
4) - None of the above





16) Time complexity of given function q22.png is

```
for (int i = 0; i < n + 100; ++i)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < i ; j++)
    {
        sum = sum + j;
    }
    Cout<<sum<<endl;
}
```

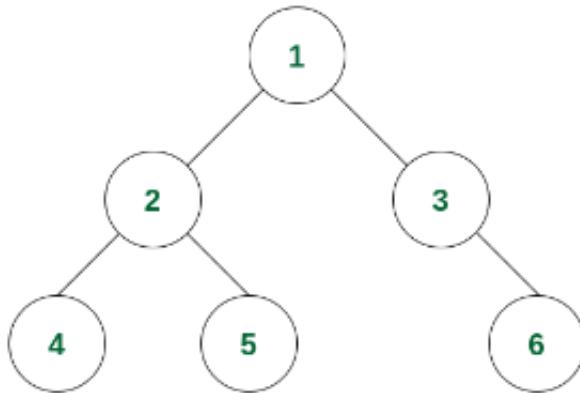
1) - $O(1)$

2) - $O(n)$

3) - N^2

4) + N^3

17) In the binary tree shown below, what is the pre-order traversal q17.png?



1) - 1-2-4-5-3-6

2) + 1-2-4-5-6-3

3) - 1-2-3-4-5-6

4) - None of the above

18) Time complexity of splitting linked list into two lists is

1) - $O(1)$

2) + $O(n)$

3) - $O(n^2)$

4) - $O(n^2) + O(n)$

19) Which of the following is not a characteristic of a binary search tree?

1) - Each node has at most two children.

2) - The left child is less than the parent node.

3) - The right child is greater than the parent node.

4) + Nodes can have an arbitrary number of children.

20) Big O notation is a mathematical notation that describes the execution time of algorithm in it's

1) - Best Case

2) + Worst case

3) - Average case





- 4) - None
- 21) Suppose a Linear queue is implemented with an array of n elements. Assume that the insertion and deletion operation are carried out using REAR and FRONT as array index variables, respectively. Initially, REAR = FRONT = 0. The conditions to detect queue full and queue empty are:
- 1) - FULL: Rear=Size-1,empty:Front=0
 - 2) - FULL:Rear=Size ,empty:Front=-1
 - 3) - FULL: Rear=Size,empty:Front=-1
 - 4) + FULL:Rear=Size ,empty:Front=0
- 22) Stack A has the entries a, b, c (with a on top). Stack B is empty. An entry popped out of stack A can be pushed to stack B. which of the following is the result of popped out from stack B?
- 1) + c,b,a
 - 2) - a,b,c
 - 3) - c,a,b
 - 4) - None of the above
- 23) What is the worst-case time complexity of inserting n elements into the beginning of a linked list?
- 1) + O(N)
 - 2) - O(Nlogn)
 - 3) - O(N*N)
 - 4) - O(1)
- 24) Which of the following is the advantage of the array data structure?
- 1) - Elements of mixed data type can be stored
 - 2) + Easier to access the elements in an array
 - 3) - Index of the first element starts from 1
 - 4) - Elements of an array can't be sorted
- 25) Which traversal method would you use to obtain the nodes of a binary tree in non-decreasing order?
- 1) - Pre-order
 - 2) - Post-order
 - 3) + In-order
 - 4) - Level-order
- 26) Which of the following represents the Postorder Traversal of a Binary Tree?
- 1) + Left->Right->Root
 - 2) - Left->Root->Right
 - 3) - Right->Left->Root
 - 4) - Right->Root->Left
- 27) Time complexity of Pushing a value on to a stack containing N values, implemented as a linked list
- 1) - O(log N)
 - 2) - O(N)
 - 3) + O(1)
 - 4) - O(N log N)
- 28) Which data structure is required to convert the infix to prefix notation?
- 1) + Stack
 - 2) - Linked list
 - 3) - Binary tree
 - 4) - Queue
- 29) In a stack, the top element can be accessed in O(1) time.
- 1) + TRUE.
 - 2) - FALSE.
- 30) Execute the process in CPU is one of stack applications
- 1) - TRUE.





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- 2) + FALSE.
- 31) The big oh for Poping N values onto a stack is O(N)
1) + TRUE.
2) - FALSE.
- 32) Tree, linked list are example of dynamic data structure
1) + TRUE.
2) - FALSE.
- 33) Array elements are normally stored contiguously in memory.
1) + TRUE.
2) - FALSE.
- 34) Most appropriate data structure to print a list of elements in reverse order is Queue data structure
1) - TRUE.
2) + FALSE.
- 35) Suppose the initial value of Top=0, then the stack is full if Top=size-1.
1) - TRUE.
2) + FALSE.

