



قائمة الأسئلة

علم التشريح - () - المستوى الثاني - قسم مختبرات - موازي - كلية الطب والعلوم الصحية - الفترة - درجة الامتحان (70)

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- 1) What does the term "Anatomy" mean?
- Study of cells
 - Study of tissues
 - + Study of the human body by dissection**
 - Study of organs
- 2) Which of the following is NOT a division of anatomy?
- Gross Anatomy
 - Microscopic Anatomy
 - Surgical Anatomy
 - + Psychological Anatomy**
- 3) What is the standard anatomical position?
- Lying down, palms facing backward
 - + Standing erect, palms facing forward**
 - Sitting, palms facing upward
 - Standing erect, palms facing backward
- 4) Which plane divides the body into anterior and posterior parts?**
- Sagittal
 - + Coronal**
 - Transverse
 - Median
- 5) Which term describes a structure closer to the origin of the body?**
- Distal
 - + Proximal**
 - Lateral
 - Medial
- 6) What is the term for movement towards the midline of the body?**
- Abduction
 - + Adduction**
 - Flexion
 - Extension
- 7) Which term describes the movement of turning the sole of the foot inward?**
- Eversion
 - + Inversion**
 - Pronation
 - Supination
- 8) What is the function of the skeletal system?**
- Pump blood
 - + Provide structure and support**
 - Digest food
 - Filter blood
- 9) Which bone is NOT part of the axial skeleton?**
- Skull
 - Vertebrae
 - + Femur**
 - Sternum





- 10) What is the largest organ in the human body?**
1) - a) Liver
2) + b) Skin
3) - c) Heart
4) - d) Brain
- 11) Which bone is known as the "funny bone"?
1) - a) Radius
2) + b) Humerus
3) - c) Ulna
4) - d) Femur
- 12) What is the function of the clavicle?**
1) - a) Protect the heart
2) + b) Connect the arm to the body
3) - c) Support the skull
4) - d) Protect the lungs
- 13) Which bone is NOT part of the appendicular skeleton?**
1) - a) Femur
2) - b) Tibia
3) + c) Sternum
4) - d) Scapula
- 14) What is the primary function of the skull?**
1) + a) Protect the brain
2) - b) Support the spine
3) - c) Aid in digestion
4) - d) Pump blood
- 15) Which bone is NOT part of the lower limb?**
1) - a) Femur
2) - b) Tibia
3) + c) Radius
4) - d) Fibula
- 16) What is the function of the vertebral column?**
1) + a) Protect the spinal cord
2) - b) Pump blood
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Filter blood
- 17) Which bone is NOT part of the upper limb?**
1) - a) Humerus
2) - b) Radius
3) + c) Femur
4) - d) Ulna
- 18) What is the function of the ribs?**
1) + a) Protect the heart and lungs
2) - b) Support the skull
3) - c) Aid in digestion
4) - d) Pump blood
- 19) Which bone is NOT part of the pelvic girdle?**
1) - a) Coxal bone
2) + b) Femur
3) - c) Sacrum





- 4) - d) Pubis
- 20) What is the function of the patella?**
1) + a) Protect the knee joint
2) - b) Support the spine
3) - c) Aid in digestion
4) - d) Pump blood
- 21) Which type of muscle is voluntary?**
1) + a) Skeletal
2) - b) Smooth
3) - c) Cardiac
4) - d) Involuntary
- 22) What is the function of tendons?**
1) + a) Connect muscle to bone
2) - b) Connect bone to bone
3) - c) Protect joints
4) - d) Pump blood
- 23) Which joint is NOT a synovial joint?**
1) - a) Hinge
2) - b) Ball and socket
3) + c) Fibrous
4) - d) Pivot
- 24) Which of the following is NOT a function of the diaphragm?**
1) - a) Separates the thoracic and abdominal cavities
2) - b) Aids in breathing
3) + c) Filters blood
4) - d) Helps in producing inspiration and expiration
- 25) Which joint allows for the most movement?**
1) - a) Hinge
2) + b) Ball and socket
3) - c) Pivot
4) - d) Fibrous
- 26) Which of the following is NOT a function of the periosteum?**
1) - a) Provides attachment for tendons and ligaments
2) - b) Supplies blood to the bone
3) + c) Produces red blood cells
4) - d) Aids in bone repair after fractures
- 27) Which muscle type is found in the walls of blood vessels?**
1) - a) Skeletal
2) + b) Smooth
3) - c) Cardiac
4) - d) Involuntary
- 28) Which type of bone is the patella classified as?**
1) - a) Long bone
2) - b) Short bone
3) + c) Sesamoid bone
4) - d) Irregular bone
- 29) Which joint is found in the skull?**
1) - a) Synovial
2) + b) Fibrous





- 3) - c) Cartilaginous
4) - d) Hinge
- 30) Which of the following is NOT a function of the superficial fascia?**
1) - a) Acts as an insulator
2) - b) Stores energy in the form of fat
3) + c) Provides structural support to bones
4) - d) Acts as a passageway for cutaneous vessels and nerves
- 31) What is the function of the heart?**
1) + a) Pump blood
2) - b) Digest food
3) - c) Filter blood
4) - d) Protect the brain
- 32) Which vessel carries oxygenated blood away from the heart?
1) - a) Vein
2) + b) Artery
3) - c) Capillary
4) - d) Venule
- 33) What is the function of the coronary arteries?**
1) + a) Supply blood to the heart muscle
2) - b) Pump blood to the body
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Filter blood
- 34) Which chamber of the heart receives oxygenated blood from the lungs?**
1) - a) Right atrium
2) + b) Left atrium
3) - c) Right ventricle
4) - d) Left ventricle
- 35) What is the function of the mitral valve?**
1) + a) Prevent backflow of blood
2) - b) Pump blood
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Filter blood
- 36) Which vessel carries deoxygenated blood to the heart?**
1) - a) Artery
2) + b) Vein
3) - c) Capillary
4) - d) Arteriole
- 37) What is the function of the pulmonary artery?**
1) + a) Carry deoxygenated blood to the lungs
2) - b) Carry oxygenated blood to the body
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Filter blood
- 38) Which vessel carries oxygenated blood away from the heart?*
1) - a) Pulmonary artery
2) - b) Pulmonary vein
3) + c) Aorta
4) - d) Superior vena cava
- 39) Which chamber of the heart pumps blood to the lungs?**
1) - a) Right atrium





- 2) - b) Left atrium
3) + c) Right ventricle
4) - d) Left ventricle
- 40) Which vessel carries deoxygenated blood from the lower body to the heart?**
1) - a) Superior vena cava
2) + b) Inferior vena cava
3) - c) Pulmonary vein
4) - d) Aorta
- 41) What is the function of the aortic valve?**
1) + a) Prevent backflow of blood into the left ventricle
2) - b) Pump blood to the lungs
3) - c) Filter blood
4) - d) Digest food
- 42) Which structure prevents food from entering the larynx?**
1) + a) Epiglottis
2) - b) Trachea
3) - c) Pharynx
4) - d) Esophagus
- 43) What is the function of the epiphyseal plate?**
1) + a) Growth of long bones
2) - b) Protection of joints
3) - c) Storage of calcium
4) - d) Production of blood cells
- 44) Which lung has three lobes?**
1) - a) Left lung
2) + b) Right lung
3) - c) Both lungs
4) - d) Neither lung
- 45) Which plane divides the body into equal right and left halves?**
1) - a) Coronal
2) - b) Sagittal
3) + c) Median Sagittal
4) - d) Transverse
- 46) Which structure connects the pharynx to the trachea?**
1) + a) Larynx
2) - b) Esophagus
3) - c) Bronchus
4) - d) Alveoli
- 47) What is the function of the diaphragm?**
1) + a) Aid in breathing
2) - b) Pump blood
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Filter blood
- 48) Which structure is responsible for gas exchange in the lungs?**
1) - a) Bronchi
2) + b) Alveoli
3) - c) Trachea
4) - d) Pharynx
- 49) What is the function of the pleural membrane?**





- 1) + a) Protect the lungs
2) - b) Pump blood
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Filter blood
- 50) Which structure divides the trachea into the bronchi?**
1) + a) Carina
2) - b) Epiglottis
3) - c) Larynx
4) - d) Pharynx
- 51) Which term describes a structure closer to the head?**
1) - a) Caudal
2) + b) Cranial
3) - c) Distal
4) - d) Lateral
- 52) Which organ produces bile?**
1) + a) Liver
2) - b) Pancreas
3) - c) Gallbladder
4) - d) Stomach
- 53) Which gland produces insulin?**
1) + a) Pancreas
2) - b) Thyroid
3) - c) Adrenal
4) - d) Pituitary
- 54) Which organ stores bile?**
1) - a) Liver
2) - b) Pancreas
3) + c) Gallbladder
4) - d) Stomach
- 55) Which gland is known as the "master gland"?**
1) + a) Pituitary
2) - b) Thyroid
3) - c) Adrenal
4) - d) Pancreas
- 56) Which organ produces digestive enzymes?**
1) - a) Liver
2) + b) Pancreas
3) - c) Gallbladder
4) - d) Stomach
- 57) Which nerve controls the sense of vision?**
1) + a) Optic
2) - b) Olfactory
3) - c) Oculomotor
4) - d) Trigeminal
- 58) Which organ is responsible for detoxification?**
1) + a) Liver
2) - b) Pancreas
3) - c) Gallbladder
4) - d) Stomach





- 59) Which nerve controls the sense of smell?**
1) + a) Olfactory
2) - b) Optic
3) - c) Oculomotor
4) - d) Trigeminal
- 60) Which organ is responsible for the absorption of water?**
1) - a) Small intestine
2) + b) Large intestine
3) - c) Stomach
4) - d) Liver
- 61) What is the function of the kidneys?**
1) + a) Filter blood
2) - b) Pump blood
3) - c) Digest food
4) - d) Exchange gases
- 62) Which structure carries urine from the kidneys to the bladder?**
1) + a) Ureter
2) - b) Urethra
3) - c) Renal artery
4) - d) Renal vein
- 63) Which part of the brain controls voluntary movements?**
1) + a) Cerebrum
2) - b) Cerebellum
3) - c) Brainstem
4) - d) Medulla
- 64) Which structure carries urine out of the body?**
1) - a) Ureter
2) + b) Urethra
3) - c) Renal artery
4) - d) Renal vein
- 65) Which structure prevents backflow of urine from the bladder?**
1) + a) Urethral sphincter
2) - b) Ureter
3) - c) Renal artery
4) - d) Renal vein
- 66) Which structure filters blood in the kidneys?**
1) + a) Glomerulus
2) - b) Ureter
3) - c) Urethra
4) - d) Bladder
- 67) Which structure collects urine in the kidney?**
1) + a) Renal pelvis
2) - b) Ureter
3) - c) Urethra
4) - d) Bladder
- 68) Which of the following is NOT a function of the liver?**
1) - a) Detoxification
2) - b) Production of bile
3) - c) Storage of glycogen





- 4) + d) Production of insulin
- 69) Which of the following is NOT a function of the spleen?**
1) - a) Filters blood
2) + b) Produces red blood cells
3) - c) Stores platelets
4) - d) Removes old red blood cells
- 70) Which of the following is NOT a function of the adrenal glands?**
1) - a) Produces adrenaline
2) - b) Regulates metabolism
3) - c) Produces cortisol
4) + d) Regulates blood sugar levels

